The Centre Reporter.

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CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

[To be Continued.]

CHAPTER V. THE PRISONER'S STORY.

The prison camp, about four acres in area, was a miserable place. Much rain of late, and the tramp of many feet, had produced a slush-mud in the streets of the camp, several inches deep with filth and dirt, and stench, and human offal everywhere. Our five hundred men were not given a single tent, or shelter of any kind. They had none to give us. We were simply ushered into the Prison Pen, to become a part or factor of the four thousand already there. When we entered the gate of this pen, my war spirit nearly died out.

Here we found hundreds of men absolutely without shelter, and all without fuel. Rain-soaked to the skin; without overcoats or blankets of any kind. Gray, ashy, pallid complexions. Thin, skinny, woebegone shadows of slowly moving, erstwhile rugged men and boys. Standing alone here and there in idiotic-like silence, or in groups, in the deep mud, and the cold, downpouring winter rain.

Hundreds of others, emaciated, cadaverous-looking men and boys, splashing hither and thither through mud, covered all over with mud and dirt; filth and lice; while here and there, in filth and rags, lone soldiers were standing like statutes, grim and silent, in a state of dementia, staring wildly on those around them, then talking loudly, incoherently, to themselves, bemoaning their condition. None of them paying the slightest attention to the other prisoners around them.

Here were talented, cultured, highly educated men of every calling profession, and trade in life. Here were the College professors and their students. Ministers and their laymen. Doctors and their former patients. Teachers and pupils, down on a common level of degradation and filth, and manner of life.

I thought, Alas! Already I have reached a point in life from which I can easily see the end. I have reached the goal. Here I stay; and I wondered not, when my comrade asked me: Is this an annex of a civilized war, or, are we in Hell? A chilly Hell, I said. This comrade's name was Brooks; he was a highly educated, pious, rugged young man, a Theological student. But, like many others, he was unable to face the conditions here. He let go of hope and courage, and was tortured with an insatiable longing for home and friends. He was broken in spirit, and could not be cheered up. He did not sleep or eat, nor rest. He was not sick; he simply gave up, broke down and died at the end of the first week. Hundreds, in the same way, gave up and died of despondency alone. Those who bore up with brave hearts and strong will, came out best, or came out at all.

Personally, I was still in fair condition, I still had my knapsack, with all its varied contents on my back. On my shoulder hung my empty haversack, and canteen half full of water. Here, at least, I was "presentable," in a fine, new uniform. My head was well covered with the hat the Rebel Major "traded to me." This hat was always in place. A night-cap when I slept, and a "dress bonnet" when I went out. On my arm hung a splendid new U. S. Army Blanket, which was my salvation.

After standing with these wretched comrades in misery, in mud and rain, for hours, I woke up as from a dream. Night was coming on, and the cold rain was still falling. I resolved that I would waste no time in brooding. If I must die here, which I realized was probable, I would die "game." I would "die in action," and not of despondency. Nothing was to appal me, I turned at once, and walked rapidly down a muddy camp street, by and through packs of half drowned, and mud plastered, lousy soldiers, whiskered men, and young boys like myself.

I came to a fair semblance of a tent and went in; it was full of bony, ash colored, fleshless men, from New Jersey, Maryland, Pennsylvania, and Illinois. I was surprised to find them in fairly good spirits. I said: I am a new arrival, and am looking for a home. I have a good blanket here, which will cover three. I will share it with you as far as it will reach, if you will make me one of your mess. The proposition was accepted, and I had a home. I was blessed above hundreds in that camp.

Night set in very dark, rainy and cold. There was no light in all that camp; so arrangements for the night were made before night had fully set

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Continued from first column.

A LIVELY PRISONER.

in. Just as darkness was settling down upon the camp, I looked down the street, and saw hundreds of men sitting, alone and in groups, on the wet ground. When they could stand up no longer, they would sit, or lie down anywhere, regardless of mud or weather. Many were lying down in the streets of the camp, very close, in rows, "spoon fashion," from three to twenty in a row, in their rain soaked clothes, without any thing under or over them, and the night blowing up cold.

For the night, I was snugly "spooned up" with two other boys, Austin Skinner, of Hoboken, N. J, and Jacob Adams, Smithburg, Md., the latter still living, (1903.) I did not get cold, but I could not rid my mind of the horrors I had already seen here, nor the thought of the probable fate awaiting me. Sleep did not come to me that night.

The sounds of this camp were as horrible as the sights. Within the radious of my hearing, there must have been a thousand men coughing, without a moments let up, all night. All nights were alike in this respect. All suffered by reason of coughs and colds, and many strangled to death in fits of coughing.

During the cold weather pneumonia was a common ailment and a general cause of death.

The prison encampment of Belle Isle was square in form and made like a fort; a ditch eight feet wide, and three feet deep inside of the works, the ground dug from the ditch formed a fort-like embankment on the outer edge of the ditch, while the inner edge of the ditch was called the "dead-line" and any prisoner getting into the ditch was over the "dead line," and the guards had the right and orders to shoot such soldier, without hail or notice.

Belle Island was in many ways the worst and most wretched prison encampment in the Confederacy. It was located by hundreds of miles farthest north of all, and consequently, was the coldest of all. It was the only prison encampment in the south where there were no rations of wood issued, and consequently, there were no fires all winter, even though in the coldest latitude. Hence the greatest suffering by reason of weather conditions.

It was situated on a low, sandy Island, in a great river, water only a few feet below the surface, rapids on each side, the only prison encampment so situated, and therefore, was the dampest of all.

It was the nearest to the great Union Armies, and therefore suffered most by reason of the great raids made by the Union Cavalry around the Confederate Capital, frequently breaking railroad communications, between the country and Richmond, destroying the tracks, and burning depots of supplies, and train after train of cars loaded with grain and provisions for Richmond and her twelve thousand Union prisoners.

Homeseekers' Excursion to Florida.

For the benefit of homeseekers, the various railroads to Florida will sell on November 11 special excursion tickets from Washington to the following points at rates quoted:

Sarasto,	Fla.	$30 05
Braidentown,	"	29 70
Ellenton,	"	29 70
Palmetto,	"	29 70
Manatee	"	29 70
Punta Gorda,	"	30 90
Arcadia,	"	30 15

These tickets will be good going on November 11 only, and to return within fifteen days, and will not be good to stop off in either direction.

In connection with these excursions, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell one-way tickets to Washington, at regular rates, from all stations on its lines east of Pittsburg and Erie, together with exchange orders on the railroads out of Washington for an excursion ticket from Washington to the above-mentioned points at rates quoted.

Loganton Boy Shot.

While running with a gun in his hand, Milton Schwenk aged 16 years, son of Edgar Schwenk, residing about a mile and a half east of Loganton, stumbled and fell. The trigger of the gun struck the ground and the weapon was discharged. The load of shot entered and passed through the calf of the young man's leg, making an ugly-looking and painful wound. The physician is sanguine of saving the boy's leg. Young Schwenk is rather unfortunate in handling guns, having had a thumb shot off six years ago.

GOOD ROADS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The Philadelphia Record takes a sensible view of the good roads question, and one that the average ruralite will welcome should it be enacted into law. There is much difference of opinion as to the feasibleness of the new road law. The politicians—especially the Republican office holders—favor the new law, because it has created numerous appointments at good salaries. The rural tax payer, who has his experiences with the present admittedly bad roads, and who will be asked to pay one-third of the expenditure for roads built under state supervision, views the same law quite differently, because he has only to do with the improved one-third and no hope of getting a clerkship or anything else out of the six millions appropriated.

If the state is to aid in road building, let it either appropriate monies direct to the several local districts, which may be expended as best suits the local conditions, or adopt the idea suggested by the Record editorial appended:

Some hostile comment has been made upon the recommendation of the recent Convention of County Commissioners in favor of repeal of the new Road law and a return to the old system. This is denounced as a reactionary spirit quite unworthy of the progress of the new century. But there can be little doubt that the County Commissioners are right in proposing a restoration of the old township methods of road making as an alternative to a continued attempt to graft upon these methods the new measure of the last Legislature. The acceptance which this Road law has met throughout the State sufficiently presages its doom.

What the friends of good roads have proposed is not the making of township roads but the construction and maintenance of a system of commodious highways out of the ample surplus in the State treasury. There are in existence lines of turnpike that have fallen into partial neglect and decay since the removal of the toll gates, and these can form the basis of the new system. To those having a little acquaintance with the geography and history of Pennsylvania it is needless to point out these lines of road, which before the railway era were crowded with traffic. With comparatively small expenditure these old turnpikes could not only be restored but could be made much more commodious and fit for travel than they ever were before at their best. To these lines new routes can be added by extending country roads with the further development of the system.

On the other hand, the opening and maintenance of township roads is essentially a matter of local self-government with which the state should meddle as little as possible. When commodious trunk lines of State roads shall have been established it will be the fault of the farmers if they shall neglect to properly maintain the township roads leading to these lines. But there is something bordering on absurdity in creating a department of the State government, with its engineers to instruct township supervisors as to what materials they shall use and how to use them in making and mending local roads. Many of these supervisors understand this work quite as well as the State engineers who undertake to direct them.

This road law of the last Legislature, which the practical knowledge and experience of the County Commissioners reject, is an attempt to put a new patch on an old garment. It had its origin and inspiration much less in a purpose to establish a commodious system of public highways than in a determination to prevent an inroad upon the treasury surplus for the profitable use and enjoyment of pet banks of the Machine.

Mr. Roosevelt is represented as being delighted over the finding in the Alaskan boundary case. What American is not? But he probably is almost as much delighted over the flurry of anger in Canada, and perhaps the navy clique will seek to have it continue until it reaches the proportions of a blizzard of fury. Then it will demand a bigger navy, and the President, having been somewhat naval himself in his subordinate days, will write a special message. Why, any day the fleet of Canadian fishing smacks may sweep down upon New York harbor and throw lyddite bombs into Wall street. Secretary Shaw's panacea for speculative banks cannot fend against lyddite. That New Brunswick senator in the Canadian parliament distinctly helped along a larger navy. He spoke of American aggressions upon Greenland, and we believe it, because Greenland is an island, and we are always after islands. He also made biting allusion to the Maine boundary, which was supposed to be settled by the treaty of 50 years ago. If that is not settled we certainly need a bigger navy.

The game laws of this state provide for more than the punishment of people for doing certain things out of season. The owners of land have rights that must be observed. If in quest of game or for any other purpose any one trespasses on cultivated lands, for hunting or trapping, he makes himself liable for a fine of five dollars for each offense, besides he can be made pay for all damages resulting from such trespass. For instance, a careful person may enter a plot of ground in which fruit trees have been planted, adjoining mountain land or forest, and would probably not do the least injury to the property, while another by a careless shot might destroy a thrifty young tree worth many dollars to the owner of the land. The game laws of this state are perhaps at present more rigidly enforced than any other on the statute, so it may be well for the trespasser to "look a little out" lest he get tangled in the meshes.

Vote against the press muzzlers and grafters.

Keep Centre in the Democratic column.

Centre county should give a big majority for the Democratic state and county tickets, and she will do so if the Democratic voters go to the polls on November 3.

No true Democrat will stay away from the polls on November 3, but every Democrat who favors honest government will vote the straight Democratic ticket.

Keep in mind the fact that if the Democrats want to retain their power in this county they must go to the polls on November 3 and cast their ballots for the straight Democratic ticket.

When the Fifty-eighth Congress convenes November 9 on the Republican side will sit a Mr. Lucius N. Littauer, of Gloverstown, N. Y., maker of gloves. For three Congresses already has he been there ready with his vote to fasten upon the people a tariff which among industries helps his own. He now escapes a criminal prosecution only because the statute of limitations protects him. With full knowledge of the illegality of one in his position entering into a contract to sell goods to the Government he violated his oath and profited from such a contract with an army contractor. Attorney General Knox holds that the interpretation of the law prevents the recovery of the money paid the army man, a matter which is of no consequence, as the goods were delivered, but incidentally he informs the public that the statute prevents prosecution of Littauer. But does anything prevent the House from expelling him? Can the people afford to have their interests committed to representatives of this kind?

Senator Morgan announces that he will introduce in the extra session of Congress a resolution to definitely abandon the Panama Canal route and take up the Nicaragua project. This will cause much debate, but is not likely to lead to any practical result, at least in the extra session. The Administration is evidently indisposed toward the Nicaragua route so long as there is a reasonable prospect of completing the construction of the Panama Canal. If the two oceans are to be united, physical geography indicates Panama as the place of juncture.

Senator Gorman, in his speech Saturday, set the Republicans of Maryland and the Republican office holders in Washington to thinking. Here is a sentence of his speech:

"I tell you that no liberty, no safety, remains when you have a dictator, or a czar, or an emperor in Washington who can send for Maryland Republicans and tell them to harmonize their differences, to bring the negroes to the polls, to sustain him in his effort to establish social equality of the two races."

"The Breath of the North," is the title of Norman Duncan's latest story in the November McClure's of the men who go down to the sea in ships to wrest from it a meagre subsistence, in struggle with the malevolence of the elements. Mr. Duncan says that he himself hates and dreads the sea, and that to these Newfoundland fisher folk it is "a terrible monster, a cruel and dread foe."

The statute of limitations should have its period lengthened so as to run through an entire administration. These peculation inquiries always come toward the last and the early birds escape.

Send the local news to the Reporter.

TRIAL LIST.

Second Week—November Term, Commencing Monday, Nov. 30 1903.

Lehigh Valley Coal Co., Orvis Bower & Orvis, vs. Clearfield Bituminous Coal Corporation and Moshannon Lumber Co., J. M. Dale. Ejectment.

Wm. Witmer, W. G. Runkle, vs. Dora and James Witmer, Fortney and Walker. Replevin.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, W. F. Reeder, vs. Wm. I. Harvey and John Bowden, Orvis, Bower & Orvis, H. C. Quigley. Trespass.

J. A. Davidson, administrator of Julia Shope, H. C. Quigley, vs. James N. Shope, N. B. Spangler. Ejectment.

T. M. Meyer, James Nolan, vs. Hurley Bros., Crosby and Orvis Bower & Orvis. Trespass.

Leo J. Tierney, Orvis, Bower & Orvis, vs. The Snow Shoe Mining Co., W. F. Reeder. Assumpsit.

Bertha Dodd, Orvis, Bower & Orvis, vs. Christ Shearer, W. F. Reeder. Replevin.

Executors of Christian Dale, Sr., A. A. Dale, vs. Executors of Christian Dale, Jr., C. Dale. Revive Judgment.

E. C. Smith, N. B. Spangler, vs. John Long's Administrator, W. G. Runkle. Assumpsit.

Peter Smith's use, N. B. Spangler, vs. Mary A. Slack, et al, J. K. Johnston. Assumpsit.

Mary Dodge, Blanchard, vs. John Kelley, Orvis. Ejectment.

Henry C. Woomer, Nolan, vs. Robert Thompson, Keller. Trespass.

F. A. Beates' Trustee, Keller, vs. H. F. Beats' Administrator, N B. Spangler. Assumpsit.

Samuel Dixon, Quigley, Poor Overseers of Snow Shoe, C. Dale and Miller. Appeal.

Perry John Smith, Keichline, vs. J. Q. A. and Ada Kennedy, Reeder. Appeal.

Peter Mendis, Johnston, vs. L. C. Bullock, Reeder.

Sarah C. Geiss, Runkle and Reeder, vs. Luther Royer, Gettig. Appeal.

J. L. Shugert's Executors, Orvis, Bower & Orvis, vs. Lewis Rosenthal, Reeder. Appeal.

J. H. Lingle, Orvis, Bower & Orvis, vs. Lewis Rosenthal, Reeder. Appeal.

C. Y. Wagner, Spangler, vs. A. J. Lindsey, Orvis, Bower & Orvis. Appeal.

E. L. Stover, Meyer, vs. John A. Miller, Spangler. Appeal.

Robert Kinkead, Nolan, H. McD. Loraine. Appeal.

Philipsburg Beef Co., vs. Jacob Test, Nolan. Appeal.

The Reporter and World—$1.65.

The Thrice-a-Week World and the Centre Reporter will be sent to any of the Reporter readers, one year for $1.65. Both papers must be paid in advance.

Go to the Polls.

No American citizen should fail to exercise his right of franchise. It is an omission of duty and an evasion of responsibility to fail to vote. Don't forget the election on Tuesday, November 3.

Real Estate Sold.

The Millheim Journal notes that at Aaronsburg the real estate of the late Aaron D. Weaver was sold by the executors. Tracts Nos. 1, 2 and 7, containing 51 acres were sold to J. S. Weaver for $64.75 per acre. Tract No. 3, containing 9½ acres, to Frank Tomlinson at $84 per acre. Tract No. 4, containing 21 acres, to Ralph Stover for $49.75 per acre. Tract No. 5, containing 7 acres, to J. S. Weaver for $64.75 per acre. Tract No. 6, containing 33 acres, to G. W. Kister for $64 per acre, and tract No. 8, consisting of town property and two adjoining lots, to J. J. Fiedler for $1505.

Centre Hill.

Fine October weather.

Rufus T. Strohm and bride Friday left for Scranton, which place they intend making their future home.

J. O. Beaty, of Spring Mills, visited at the home of Mrs. Smith Sunday.

Dr. J. K. Hosterman, of Ford City, is at home, visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Hosterman.

Wagner Geiss and wife, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Goodhart.

School is progressing nicely under the able and efficient teacher, Miss Bertha Duck.

County Superintendent C. L. Gramley has been visiting the schools in this vicinity.

Miss Lizzie Burkholder, who had been in the Bellefonte hospital for the past few months, is at home again, but her condition is about the same as when she left.

Joseph Hoar, of Milroy, is talking of starting blacksmithing at this place.

The entertainment at the M. E. church, Sprucetown, given by Rev. T. G. Elliott, was well attended.

William Walters lost a valuable horse last week.

Thursday, 29th inst., Ivy Bartges will offer at public sale some fine horses and cattle.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

Ivy W. Bartges' sale today (Thursday.)

Progress Grange meets Saturday afternoon.

Diphtheria has become epidemic at Mill Hall.

D. L. Kerr, of Centre Hill, was in Mifflinburg last week on a visit to relatives.

After Monday rabbits may be legally killed. The season lasts until December 15. Poor bonnie!

John Hosterman, a student in the Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, was home over Sunday.

Mrs. Anna Clements will make sale of a lot of household goods, Saturday, November 7. See sale register and posters.

A brisk snow storm prevailed Monday morning, between the hours of nine and ten o'clock. Bright sunshine followed.

Jerry Snavely is carrying the mail from the Spring Mills railroad station to the post office. He is an ideal man in that service.

In looking over the game laws, the Reporter finds there is no limit placed on the number of squirrels that may be killed in one day.

Mrs. Mary A. Rearick and daughter, Miss Savilla, today (Thursday) will go to Cleveland, Ohio, where they will remain for several months.

Mrs. H. P. Sankey, of Potters Mills, will have one of the largest sales to be held this fall. The stock is Holstein and all in good condition.

George Cowey, employed at Kulp's lumber job in Sugar Valley, had his left hand nearly cut off by an ax in the hands of a fellow workman.

The Mifflinburg Telegraph notes that Mrs. L. B. Frank, of Rebersburg, was recently the very pleasing guest of her sister, Mrs. E. M. Brungard, on Chestnut street.

Andrew G. Curtin Quay, son of Senator M. S. Quay, has been appointed deputy naval officer at the port of Philadelphia. He will assume his new duties on November 1.

Curtis E. Grenninger, formerly a clerk in the Williamsport postoffice, who was charged with pilfering money from letters, pleaded guilty in the United States court at Scranton on Monday. He was sentenced for only one year because he had helped to convict others.

Nowadays new ideas in prize competitions are few and far between. The editor of the Woman's Home Companion has hit upon a novel prize contest that is bound to prove interesting. He has called upon his readers to assist a quartet of well-known authors in solving the ever-perplexing question of a woman's choice in love.

J. P. S. Strickler, of Mifflinburg, was in town last week. He is the general manager of the D. Strickler & Co., manufacturers of a variety of oils and dressings for leather, etc. Mr. Strickler is one of the young Democratic leaders of Union county, and is an orator and stump speaker of no mean reputation, having filled places beside men of the type of John Fow.

Jesse McClenahen, of Milroy, one of Armagh township's efficient school teachers, although bravely holding out to the last, had to succumb to the summons of death Monday of last week. He taught school the Friday prior to his death. Mr. McClenahen was one of the oldest teachers of Mifflin county. His crippled condition made it necessary to use a wheel chair in the school room, but he had the knack of securing the good will of the pupils and was a good disciplinarian. He was a member of the Milroy Free Christian church and was buried from the home of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Nancy McClenahen.

Last Thursday evening Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Crawford, of this place, gave a party for their son Alfred. Those present were, Mary Whiteman, Bessie Emerick, Nina Snyder, James Lingle, Ray Durst, Ross Lytle, Fred Stover, Charlie Stover, George Kline, Bruce Stahl, Roy Puff, Henry Mitterling, Swengel Smith, Charlie Miller, Paul Bradford, Ralph Dinges, William Bradford, Charlie and Calvin Smith, Edna Krape, Verna Nearhood, Paul Neese, Wallace Runkle, Lula and Jean Shultz, Jennie Kerstetter, Cora Luse, Freda Bailey, Amanda, Isabel and Robert Krumbine, Blanche Stover, William Kerlin, John Whiteman, Roy White, Eva Bressler, Carriebelle Emerick, William Luse, Leslie and Adam Sunday, Guy Foreman, Clayton Homan, Sumner Kerstetter, Nellie Smith, Elizabeth Sanders, Carrie and Ida Sweetwood, Helen Luse, Edna Robinson, Ruth Smith, Laura Mitterling, Jennie Stahl, Helen Wilson, Alfred Crawford, Florence Mader, Mary Dinges.

AIRSHIP FELL INTO BAY

Dr. Gerth, However, Had Sailed Above Frisco Two Hours.

ENGINE OF ONLY SIX-HORSE POWER.

Sails Over San Francisco Raising and Lowering Himself at Will and Changing His Course With Ease—All Dr. Greth's Small Savings Spent in the Construction of His Machine.

San Francisco, Cal. (Special).—Dr. August Greth, a poor inventor, working alone and practically without funds, has achieved the most pronounced success in airship building yet been recorded in the United States.

Without any advertising of the event, Dr. Greth surprised the people by sailing over San Francisco, raising and lowering himself at will, changing his course with ease and altogether demonstrating that he had his aerial courser under complete control.

The success of his experiment is the more remarkable for the reason that his apparatus was of the crudest kind, the airship being equipped with a cheap gasoline engine able to generate only six horsepower.

Dr. Greth had previously tested his airship by making ascensions with the balloon held captive by a long rope, but Sunday was the first time that he had gone skyward free. The ascension was made from a lot almost in the heart of the city and Dr. Greth attempted to encircle a towering newspaper building about a mile eastward, but found the high currents too strong for his power and then turned in an opposite direction. The winds carried him oceanward, and for a time he hovered in the vicinity of the Golden Gate, making various successful trials of his steering gear. The currents threatened to take him out over the Pacific, and he decided to make a landing on the parade grounds of the Presidio military reservation, but made the mistake of letting out too much gas and landed in the bay, about 200 feet from shore. The crew of the life-saving station rescued the aeronaut and the flying machine, which was little damaged by the unfortunate termination of the voyage.

The balloon of Greth is cigar-shaped and has a capacity of 50,000 feet of gas, with a lifting capacity of 1800 to 2000 pounds. The car is similar in construction to Santo-Dumont's and weighs about 800 pounds.

The engine is a 12-horsepower gasoline motor, and the total weight carried skyward, including that of the inventor and 260 pounds of ballast, was about 1400 pounds. For some inexplicable reason the motor would not develop more than six horsepower, and Dr. Greth found considerable difficulty in making headway against the current.

He expects to make another ascension in a few days, when he will have repaired the minor damage caused by the salt-water bath and remedied the defects brought out by his two-hour cruise in cloudland.

Already money men have proffered aid, and Greth will at once construct a machine complete in all details.

With $1000," he said, "I can build an airship that will be controlled as easily as an automobile running on a boulevard. My present machine represents several hundred dollars of savings—all the money I could command."

CRAZED MAN'S TERRIBLE CRIME.

Drives His Wife Out of the House and Then Kills His Three Children.

Asheville, N. C. (Special)..—One of the most terrible crimes ever committed in North Carolina occurred when Dr. J. V. Jay, a well-known physician of Buncombe county, living at Barrardsville, 20 miles north of Asheville, killed with a claw hammer his three children, aged two, four and six years. It is said Jay had been drinking heavily for nearly two weeks, and at night forced his wife to leave home. Mrs. Jay returned in the morning, and was preparing breakfast when her husband attacked her again and ran her out of the house. She started for a neighbor's to get help, and left her children crying on the porch. While the mother was gone Jay killed all three of the children with a hammer. Mrs. Jay soon returned with assistance, but arrived too late to save the children, whose lifeless bodies were found lying on the porch. After committing the deed Jay went into the house and attempted to set it on fire, but the men who returned with Mrs. Jay rushed in and overpowered him and extinguished the flames. Jay was then bound hand and foot and Sheriff Reed notified.

IT PUZZLES THE DOCTORS.

No Such Case in the Books as Calvin Snyder Presents.

Clyde, N. Y. (Special).—The strange case of Calvin Snyder is attracting the attention of the medical fraternity throughout the country. Snyder is 72. His body is covered with 50 or more bonelike protuberances, varying from one-half inch to five inches in diameter.

The like of these knobs has never been seen on a human body. They are as hard as stone and the color of the skin. The first appeared four years ago on the right side. Then others came. It was only recently that Snyder revealed his condition to his wife. She, in alarm, called in a doctor.

The physician was unable to give a diagnosis. Other doctors were called, and all agreed that the disease is not recorded in medical books. At a session of the Wayne County Medical Association Snyder was examined. His case was declared unprecedented. Doctors predicted his death would occur soon, but he still lives and suffers.

Wireless Telegraphy Station Opened.

Port Townsend, Wash. (Special).—The plant of the Pacific Wireless Telegraph Company was thrown open to the public here. The apparatus worked satisfactorily on the initial message, which advised President Roosevelt of the completion of connections at Fort Casey, on Whidby Island, with the land lines of the big telegraph companies. Following this, a large number of congratulatory messages were passed between Fort Casey and this city.

THE LATEST NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

Domestic.

Miss Pansy Ballard, a freshman student at the University of Nebraska, took poison on the street and died while praying in St. Theresa's Pro-Cathedral.

Secretary C. C. Hamlin, of the Cripple Creek District Mineowners' Association, issued a statement accusing the Western Miners' Association of serious crimes.

At the convention of the Christian Women's Board of Missions in Detroit, Mrs. Jessie Brown Pounds condemned modern society as the modern Babble of Babel.

William Sparger, cantor, or reader, of the Reformed Temple Emmanuel, of New York, attempted to commit suicide in a Philadelphia hotel.

The two companies of American artillery which occupied Santa Clara, Cuba, and batteries at Havana, sailed for the United States.

Prof. Charles E. Greene, dean of the Department of Engineering at the University of Michigan, died at his home in Ann Arbor.

Plans have been drawn for the construction of a canal to connect the cities of Providence and Worcester, to cost $40,000,000.

Six men were blown high in the air by an explosion at a natural gas well near Worthington, Pa., one probably fatally.

Charles C. Wentisch shot and killed R. Reeves, who was trying to break into his home at Woodhaven, L. I.

Irene Donner was shot and probably fatally wounded in Chicago by Richard Breen, a former suitor.

The Ohio plant of the Carnegie Steel Company at Youngstown, employing 2500 hands, shut down.

The Supreme Castle, Knights of the Golden Eagle, in session in Harrisburg, Pa., adjourned, after electing officers and deciding to meet next year in Washington.

The Federal officials and local police officers who rounded up 350 Chinamen in Boston were fiercely denounced by resolutions adopted at a mass-meeting.

Alexander Hoff, superintendent of the foreign mail branch of the New York postoffice, was committed to jail on the charge of embezzlement.

Three-fourths of the metal workers of the International Silver Company, in Meriden, Conn., voted against the proposed strike.

William F. Siegnor, who shot and wounded Miss Amelia Garrett in Pittsburg, Pa., died from self-inflicted wounds.

The five leaders of the Fort Leavenworth prison mutiny were convicted of murder and sentenced to prison for life.

Albert German, alleged defaulting clerk of the Third National Bank of Louisville, Ky., was adjudged insane.

A charge of extortion was made against Walter S. Thompson, a retired inspector of the New York police force.

The Chicago and Alton Railroad officials have advanced wages of the shop employes from 8 to 12 per cent.

Tom Hall, colored, accused of shooting a white boy, was hanged by a mob in the jail yard at Wickliffe, Ky.

The report of secretary John Foord, of the American Asiatic Association, says the substitution of Russian for Chinese sovereignty in Manchuria means the beginning of the partition of the Chinese Empire, and the United States must accept their responsibility in dealing with the question.

George Duncan, a lawyer of New York city, was accidentlly shot and killed near Russellville, Ky., while out hunting. He is a nephew of George B. Edwards.

Foreign.

The Japanese workmen at the Port Arthur docks have been discharged. The exodus from other parts of Manchuria continues. A Japanese minister says that Japan, while stipulating the integrity of Korean and Chinese sovereignty, makes no point of the military evacuation of Manchuria.

It now appears that the governor of Beirut, Syria, who was dismissed from the governorship on demand of the United States, was told to return to Constantinople "to be the recipient of imperial favors."

The physicians of Premier Zanardelli, of Italy, have advised him to take a rest from his ministerial labors, and he has so informed his colleagues.

Two men held up a passenger train between Dunaburg and Pleskov, in Russia, robbed the safe and baggage and escaped with the booty.

United States Consul General Skinner is in Paris making preparations for the United States government's expedition to Abyssinia.

The Russian administrator of Niuchwang, Manchuria, proposes to organize a municipal council with one American and two British members, their decisions to be subject to the administrator's approval.

Rear Admiral von Prittintz will take command of the German East Asiatic Squadron. There are now 10 German warships in south China waters and 3 off the Japanese coast.

M. Boeufe, chancellor of the French embassy at Washington, has been appointed representative of the foreign office at the St. Louis Exposition.

The Duke of Devonshire has conditionally accepted the presidency of the British Free Food League.

Col. Sir William Colville, the King's master of ceremonies, died in London.

Great Britain is sending two additional warships to China.

The Earl of Hardwicke has been appointed under secretary of state for India, and the Earl of Donoughmore has received the appointment of under secretary of state for war in the British government.

The Russian Ministers of War and Marine have announced that while not wishing to make any move likely to precipitate hostilities in the Far East, they are prepared to meet any eventuality.

Financial.

Nearly all municipal bonds being issued now are put out at 4 per cent.

Atchison is notably strong and the buying is said to be of the best.

Amalgamated Copper directors declared the usual quarterly dividend of ½ per cent.

Boston city has borrowed $5,000,000 this year, for all of which it pays 4 per cent.

Warwick Iron & Steel has followed out its compact and closed two of its blast furnaces.

RUN INTO WORK TRAIN

Fifteen Laborers Killed and Forty Injured.

THE CAUSE OF THE ACCIDENT.

Serious Collision on the Belvidere Branch of the Pennsylvania at Washington Crossing, Near Trenton—All of the Victims Italians—The Dead Taken to the Morgue and the Injured to the Hospital.

Trenton, N. J. (Special).—Fifteen persons were killed and about 40 more injured in a collision which occurred on the Belvidere division of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company near Washingtons Crossing. The persons killed and injured were laborers who were on a work train, and were on their way to work at Washingtons Crossing to repair washouts along the road. Only two or three of those who are injured will be permanently maimed.

As soon as the collision occurred a special train was sent from Trenton with a corps of physicians, and the dead and injured were brought to this city, the injured taken to St. Francis' Hospital. The dead men, with one or two exceptions, are Italian laborers who resided in this city, the others being colored men. Their bodies were taken to the morgue for identification.

The train bearing the men who were killed and injured was made up of four cars, two coaches in which the men were riding and two flat cars in the rear. The train stopped near Washingtons Crossing to receive orders respecting the passing of the regular passenger train. While the train was standing on the track it was run into from the rear by a gravel train. The two flat cars telescoped the two coaches. There were about 180 men in the two cars. As soon as the accident happened the Italians became frantic and made an attempt to do bodily harm to the crew of the gravel train. Word was sent to Trenton for police assistance, but the men were finally quieted by the foreman.

STRIKING GIRLS STABBED IN RIOT.

Italians Who Took Place of Girl Ragpickers Use Knives.

New York (Special).—In a riot, the result of a strike at a rag factory in First street, several girls were stabbed, one of them so seriously that she had to be taken to a hospital.

The employes, about 50 in number, recently organized under the name of the Clip Sorters' Union.

Demands were made upon the firm, which were refused, and a strike was declared. To carry on their business the firm engaged a number of Italians. Then the new union proceeded to station pickets near the factory. At night when the Italians came out of the factory a free fight occurred, and the Italians, it is said, used knives to defend themselves. In the affray Lena Schwartz was stabbed in the neck. At the hospital it was said she would probably recover.

Three other girls were slightly hurt, and they were taken to their homes. Two Italians were arrested and held on charges of felonious assault.

TILLMAN IS NOT GUILTY.

South Carolina Jury Renders a Verdict of Acquittal.

Lexington, S. C. (Special).—The trial of James H. Tillman, who was charged with the murder of N. G. Gonzales, editor of the State, in Columbia on January 15 last, ended in an acquittal. The jury, before which Tillman has been on trial since September 28, brought in a verdict of not guilty, thus ending a judicial hearing which has engrossed the attention of the public of South Carolina as none other has in the last quarter of a century. The jury was out for 20 hours before arriving at a verdict. Never was a case in South Carolina courts more vigorously contested than this. The Solicitor was assisted in the prosecution by four other lawyers, while the accused was defended by seven lawyers, an exceptional array of counsel. More than a hundred witnesses gave testimony, about as many on one side as the other, and nine lawyers argued before the jury.

VICTORY FOR UNITED STATES.

Reported That Alaska Tribunal Concedes the American Case.

London (By Cable).—The Morning Advertiser announces that it regrets to learn from a source which it regards as beyond question that the decision of the Alaska boundary tribunal virtually concedes the American case.

The Morning Advertiser, which appears to be thoroughly satisfied with the reliability of its statement, says the news will be received in Canada with consternation. It gives a map and a detailed explanation showing how the decision will affect Canada, and adds that those who have followed the arguments have been thoroughly satisfied with Hon. Clifford Sifton's preparation and presentation of the case.

Woman Found Murdered.

St. Louis (Special).—The dead body of Mrs. Kate Lauman, aged 56 years, was found lying in a clump of bushes near the roadside at Normandy, a suburb of this city. She had been shot and robbed of several valuable diamonds. There is no clue to the murderer.

War on the Toy Pistol.

Columbus, O. (Special).—The State Boar dof Health adopted a resolution by which their secretary was directed to take steps to prevent the sale of "toy pistols and other explosive appurtenances." The resolution recites that 600 persons were killed, 100 made blind and 1000 others injured on the last Fourth of July. The board, therefore, declares it to be the duty of health authorities to abolish the evil attendant upon the celebration of Independence Day.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

Increase in Naval Estimate.

Secretary Moody has approved the estimates for the support of the Navy for the next fiscal year, ase recommended by the chiefs of bureaus, amounting to $102,866,449, as against $79,816,791 appropriated for the last fiscal year.

The summary of the estimates is as follows:

Pay of the Navy, $19,824,093; pay, miscellaneous, $600,000; contingent, Navy, $15,000; emergency fund, $50,000; Bureau of Navigation, $1,363,886; Bureau of Ordnance, $3,776,706; Bureau of Equipment, $6,407,993; Bureau of Yards and Docks, $922,884. Public Works.—Bureau of Navigation—Naval Academy, $3,000,000; naval training station, Rhode Ishland, $14,000; Naval War College, $8,125; naval station, Great Lakes, $250,000. Bureau of Yards and Docks (public works), $8,164,874; Bureau of Ordnance (public works)., $248,900; Bureau of Equipment (public works), $7,800; Bureau of Medicine and Surgery (public works), $20,000; Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, $360,000; Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, $5,203,932; Bureau of Construction and Repairs, $8,595,824; Bureau of Steam Engineering, $3,572,900; Naval Academy, $314,588. Marine Corps — Paymaster, $2,118,875; quartermaster, $1,690,296. Increase of the Navy—Construction and machinery, $28,826,860; armor and armament, $12,000,000; equipment, $400,000.

Importers Furnish Bond.

Dr. H. W. Wiley, of the Department of Agriculture, returned from New York, where he was in conference with importers and the Collector of the Port N. N. Stranhan regarding the enforcement of the Pure Food law.

The importers secured the approval of the officials to an arrangement whereby they will be allowed to remove goods from the docks and warehouses without delay, upon giving bond to double the value of the goods. Should any imports be condemned by the inspectors the dealers agree to return the rejected articles immediately for return shipment. The expense of rehandling goods will be much less, it is calculated, than the amount now paid out in storage charges while awaiting completion of the official inspection.

On the recommendation of the two officials to their respective superiors, the Treasury Department has issued an order embodying the regulations desired. This will expedite the handling of shipments in the import line.

New Counterfeit in Circulation.

The Secret Service announced the discovery of a new counterfeit ten-dollar United States note. The note in hand is of the series of 1901; Lyons, register; Roberts, treasurer, with portraits of Lewis and Clark. It is a well-executed lithographic production, printed on a good quality of bond paper, without any attempt to imitate silk fiber. The color of the seal, numbering and large X, with superimposed "ten" on the face of the note, is pink instead of carmine.

In the Departments.

Gen. Frederick Funston submitted his report as commander of the Department of Columbia, giving the result of his personal tour in Alaska.

Secretary Moody approved the estimates for the support of the Navy for the next fiscal year, amounting to $102,866,449.

The President received a number of members of the different military societies that have been in attendance at the unveiling of the Sherman statue.

Congressman Dayton, of West Virginia, says as the result of his observations abroad that, ship for ship, the American Navy is the best in the world.

The bodies of 83 American soldiers who died in the Philippines were interred at Arlington National Cemetery with military honors.

The monument erected to General Sherman was unveiled, President Roosevelt making the principal address. Other orations were delivered by General Henderson, General Dodge and General Sickles.

Leopold J. Stern, the Baltimore satchel manufacturer, indicted in connection with Postoffice Department contracts, was brought from Toronto in custody of Postoffice Inspector Mayer.

The President removed United States Marshal Frederick A. Field, of the district of Vermont, for dereliction of duty.

Captain S. L'H. Slocum, Eighth Cavalry, has been assigned as military attache at Bogota, Colombia.

Judge Advocate General Davis has reported that there were 5275 trials by general court-martial during the year just closed.

The annual report of the Register of the Treasury shows the foreign holdings of United States bonds.

Secretary Hay, at the Cabinet meeting, announced that the information in his possession from our representatives abroad indicated that there was no fear of an immediate outbreak of hositilities between Russia and Japan.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The Union Veterans' Legion, at their convention in Dayton, O., elected officers, and decided to hold next year's convention at Jamestown, N. Y.

There was a big drop in Crucible Steel on the Pittsburg Stock Exchange, and a great deal changed hands during the opening hour.

The firm of Zimmerman & Forshay was suspended from the privileges of the New York Stock Exchange.

Former President Cleveland made an address at Armour Institute in Chicago on "Industrial Education."

M. Lassar, Russian minister to China, has informed the Chinese government that if it rejects the demands of Russia the occupation of Manchuria by the Russian troops will be permanent.

Louis Sinclair, secretary of the British House of Commons Commercial Committee, says an effort will be made to arrange an arbitration treaty with the United States.

The wife of the Russian diplomatic agent at Sofia, formerly Miss Beal, of Washington, has given $5000 for the relief of the Macedonian fugitives.

UNCLE SAM WINS HIS CASE

Decision in the Alaska Boundary Controversy.

CANADIANS VERY MUCH CHAGRINED.

All the Questions Decided in Favor of the Contentions of the United States Except That in Relation to the Portland Canal, Which Canada Wins—This Concession Was Made by the American Commissioners.

London (By Cable).—The Alaska Boundary Commission has reached an agreement whereby all the American contentions are sustained, with the exception of those in relation to the Portland Canal, which Canada wins. All that now remains to be done is to complete the map which will accompany the decision. On the map will be marked the boundary line definitely fixing the division of American and British territory, on such a basis that no American citizen will lose a foot of land he already believed he held, while the United States will get all the waterways to the rich Alaskan territory, with the exception of the Portland Canal, which gives Canada the one outlet she so much needed.

The long-standing dispute was only settled after a week of keen, trying, secret deliberation between the arbitrators. Even up to noon there was an acute possibility that a disagreement might result and the whole proceedings fall to the ground. Lord Alverstone, though openly inclined to believe in the justice of the American argument that the United States was entitled to the heads of inlets, as contained in question 5, held out that Canada had established her case in questions 2 and 3, dealing with the Portland Canal.

After luncheon Senator Lodge, Secretary Root and Senator Turner agreed to cede those points, and to start the American boundary line from the head of the Portland Canal, thus giving the Canadians that channel and some small islands on which there are only a few disused storehouses. This accomplished, the majority of the tribunal agreed to fix, with this exception, the entire boundary as outlined in the American case. Whether Messrs. Aylesworth and Jette, the Canadian commissioners, will refuse to sign the decision and make it unanimous is not yet known, but it will not affect the validity of the agreement if a minority report is submitted.

NEW ALASKAN ROAD ASSURED.

All Federal Departments Assist Line From Seward to The Tanana.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—John E. Ballaine, chairman of the finance committee of the Alaskan Central Railway, who has been before the department for a week on work connected with the construction of the road, has been successful in his efforts.

The projected railroad will extend from Seward, on the southern coast of Alaska, north to the Tanana river, 420 miles, and will open, when completed, all of Central Alaska to daily communication throughout the year. It is being built at the rate of 125 miles a year. President Roosevelt personally recommended to the heads of departments the expediting of the business Mr. Ballaine had with them, owing to the public importance of the enterprise in the development of the resources of Alaska. The Postoffice Department established a postoffice at Seward, the ocean terminus, and appointed Lillie N. Gordon postmaster. The Treasury Department ordered immediate action taken looking to the designating of Seward as a subport of entry. The War Department promised to include in its estimate for the extension of the government cable along the southern coast of Alaska an appropriation sufficient to make Seward one of the cable's objective points. The Interior Department gave final approval to the surveys of the road. The Department of Commerce and Labor has requested the Lighthouse Board to provide a lighthouse at the entrance to the Seward harbor.

Flipping of Coins.

Lawrenceville, Ill. (Special).—In the Lawrenceville Circuit Court here a jury trying the case of the state against George Ryan, charged with assault to commit murder, could not reach a verdict after being out 36 hours, when one of them suggested flipping nickels—heads to convict, tails to acquit. Each juror put a nickel in a hat, a shake and a toss and the nickels fell on a table six and six, necessitating another toss. The second trial showed four heads and eight tails, resulting in acquittal. The court accepted the verdict, but did not know how it was reached. The state will get a new trial and the jurors may be indicted.

Editor Convicted of Contempt.

San Juan, Porto Rico (Special).—Hebart S. Bird, editor of the San Juan News, and J. Medina, the Mayaguez correspondent of that paper, were convicted in the Mayaguez District Court of contempt. Bird was sentenced to 15 days' imprisonment and to pay a $100 fine. Medina was condemned to 30 days in jail and to pay a fine of $200. There is no appeal.

Newspaper Office Mobbed.

Jamestown, N. D. (Special).—A mob has entered the office of the Journal at Kensal, spilled several cases of type in the street and wrecked the interior of the office. Editor C. L. Allen has been fighting a lawless element in his paper, and it is believed the members of that gang committed the outrage.

Letter Carrier Played the Races.

Chicago (Special).—Albert Joerndt, a letter-carrier, is in jail awaiting arraignment on the charge of stealing letters and the checks and money they contained. Joerndt confessed to Postoffice Inspector Stuart that he had been betting on races and, being pressed for money to cover his losses, for more than a year had been committing thefts. The total amount taken may reach into the thousands of dollars. Joerndt was an officer in the National Association of Letter-carriers.

THE OUTLOOK VERY DISQUIETING.

Army Officers Investigate Situation in Venezuela.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—In the opinion of officers of the army and of the State Department, the situation in Venezuela is again becoming critical.

Important information of a political and military nature was brought to the War Department by Capt. C. B. Humphrey, of the Twenty-second Infantry, and Lieut. E. Van D. Murphy, of the Twenty-seventh Infantry, who have just returned from a secret mission to Venezuela. Last June these two officers were sent by the War Department to Venezuela with instructions to make a careful and conservative examination of the military status of the country, in view of the possibility that the United States at some not very distant day might have to land troops there to protect Venezuela against foreign invasion.

The principal mission of these officers, however, was to ascertain the true feeling of the Castro government against the United States of Colombia and the possibilities of war between Venezuela and Colombia. Captain Humphrey and Lieutenant Murphy spent part of their time in Caracas and became very well acquainted with President Castro. They were regularly accredited to the Venezuela Government by the State Department as the military attaches of the United States. On their way back to the United States the officers stopped on the Isthmus of Panama, under orders received from the War Department, to consult with Lieut.-Col. William Black, Corps of Engineers, United States Army, who is still on the Isthmus investigating the work being done on the canal by the Panama Canal Company.

It is not the intention of either the War or the State Department to make any announcement regarding the mission of Captain Humphrey and Lieutenant Murphy, but it is believed that their report has thrown considerable light on the present situation in Venezuela and on the Isthmus of Panama.

It is known that President Castro is not keeping his pledges with the European powers and setting aside each month 30 per cent. of the customs dues of Puerto Cabello and La Guayra and that the official papers of Caracas have been making it as disagreeable as possible for the foreign commissioners adjudicating the claims against Venezuela in accordance with the protocols negotiated by United States Minister Herbert W. Bowen and the diplomatic representatives of the foreign powers.

Just what the result of this policy of President Castro will be it is impossible to state, but the General Staff of the army intends that in the event of any violation of the Monroe doctrine the army of the United States shall be in readiness to cope with the emergency.

Extensive preparations are now being made by the General Staff of the army for the gathering of information of military value from the countries of Central and South America. With this end in view officers of the General Staff will probably be sent to South America in the capacity of military attaches in a few days.

For several weeks three or four officers of the General Staff Corps have been taking a course of instruction at the military information division of the General Staff preparatory to going to South and Central American countries for the purpose of gathering information. They will, it is understood, go to their respective assignments with the full knowledge and consent of the governments to which they will be accredited and in the capacity of military attaches.

In the opinion of many of the members of the army General Staff and of the Navy General Board the next war in which the United States will be engaged will be in defense of the Monroe doctrine and will be fought, probably, in some country of South or Central America.

Sweeping Injunction.

Hamilton, O. (Special).—Judge Belden granted one of the most sweeping injunctions ever issued by an Ohio court. It was directed against the Hamilton Typographical Union, the Hamilton Co-operative Trades and Labor Council and the Nonpariel Printing Company, publishers of the county trade organs. The defendants are enjoined from continuing a boycott on the Republican News or firms which advertise in it, and ordered that interference of every sort with the company's business must stop. The court said the constitution gave any company the right to employ whomsoever they saw fit. The boycott was to force the plaintiff to unionize and abandon its "open shop" policy.

Lynched in Montana.

Hamilton, Mont. (Special).—Walter Jackson, the convicted murderer of Fonnie Buck, a six-year-old boy, was taken from the county jail here by a mob and lynched. The identity of the mob leaders is not known. Thirty-five minutes after the lynching Jackson's body was cut down by the Sheriff and Coroner and removed to the morgue. The murder of little Fonnie Buck was a peculiarly atrocious crime. When the boy's body was found it was horribly mutilated. Jackson was arrested, tried and convicted. He was sentenced to be hanged, but his attorneys appealed to the Supreme Court.

Killed His Father and Mother.

Chicago (Special).—Earl Ellsworth, who confessed to having murdered his father and mother and a boarder at his home in Woodstock, Ill., waived a change of venue, for which he had applied, and threw himself on the mercy of the court. He was given a life sentence in the penitentiary.

Dr. Alexander Dead.

Lancaster, Pa. (Special).—Dr. H. M. Alexander, the owner of the Lancaster County Vaccine Farms, near Marietta, died at his country home, at Conewago, aged 52 years. He established his vaccine farms in 1889, and they comprise the largest vaccine establishment in the world, producing 100,000 points annually. Several hundred cattle are kept to produce smallpox virus. Dr. Alexander had recently begun producing antitoxin for diphtheria.

THE SUNBEAM.

A ladder from the land of light
I rest upon the sod,
Whence dewy angels of the night
Climb back again to God.
—John B. Tabb.

A Game of Chess

BY ANNIE ASHMORE.

"Your move, Mr. Stanley; and, if you observe, your queen is in danger."

"If I lose her I may yet win another."

"Not at your rate of playing, sir. You would have to advance a pawn——"

"Pardon, Miss Cheswick, but do I play the game so badly? The loss is mine. I would play better if I could. Teach me how. Miss Cheswick."

"I will take you through this one move, but I fear you do not attend to my instructions. My bishop may be removed by your knight, which, however, is at once sacrificed to my rook, which commands that square if I choose to take him."

"Thank you. I take your bishop, then, and offer you this knight, emblem of myself."

"I am not obliged to take him."

"No; but I hope you will not reject him."

A short pause, while the dark, rich face of the young lady bends studiously over the glittering board of mother-of-pear and pink cornelian, while the pallid, russet-bearded face of the gentleman quivers and waxes paler yet.

"Not obliged to take him," murmurs the lady again, her white hand hovering over the mimic field of war. "In fact, if I do, you will win the game, in spite of all your bad play, so——"

"Take him—pray, pray do!" almost whispers her adversary.

Miss Cheswick's hand descends on her rook, and twirling it undecidedly she lifts her eyes with a look of surprise and questioning to Mr. Stanley's.

"Are you so very anxious to win a game of chess?" asks she.

He looks at her silently. That "white flush," as the poet has aptly called it, is drifting over her countenance. In his eyes there is a look of which no woman can misunderstand.

"This is but the emblem of another," he says, at last, in a low, but intensely passionate tone.

The lady drops her eyes and ponders. Her gay smile has faded; there is a troubled frown faintly carved upon her smooth brow.

"We will consider this a drawn game," she says, quietly; "and, instead of playing another, I will, if you choose, tell you a story. It will amuse and—and instruct you."

Pale and hopeless, Mr. Stanley leans upon the shining chess-table, with his eyes half-shaded by his hand.

With a quick glance at his dejected attitude, and a deepening of the troubled frown, the lady speaks.

"Have you ever been at Baden-Baden? But of course you have; who has not? Do you remember 'Die Hohe Felsen' and 'Das Alte Schloss,' on the side of the hill, and how the road winds down into the valley through the Black Forest, with the lovely village lying beneath?"

"Some years ago I was spending a few months at Baden with my mother," she glances at her black garments with a heavy sigh, "who was ordered there to drink the waters. One afternoon we had driven up to the "Alte Schloss,' and while my mother rested there I climbed up above to view the 'Hohe Felsen.' You know they are within ten minutes' walk of the castle, and I never dreamed of danger. However, I was mistaken. It was so early in the season that the forest was not swarming with tourists and pleasure-parties—in fact, it seemed quite deserted.

"I sat down at the foot of one of the rocks and was soon lost in contemplation of the sublime view below. It was not long before I heard voices, and, before I could rise from the sort of niche which I had chosen, two rough-looking Frenchmen flung themselves upon the moss within six feet of me, and, all unaware of my presence, began to discuss a plot which caused me to tremble with horror.

"It appeared from their conversation that a certain baron was becoming celebrated in the Kursaal for his unprecedented run of luck at the gaming tables—that, in fact, the bankers had that day entreated him to seek some other field wherein to pursue his successes, as they were well-night ruined; that he was, no consequence, going to leave Baden-Baden, and should drive through the Black Forest on his way to Freiburg, starting at midnight.

"The plan of the two robbers (for, to my terror, I discovered them to be nothing else) was to waylay the baron's carriage near the 'Alte Schloss,' demand his money, and, if he resisted, to back the horses over the precipice, and descending after the wreck help themselves to the plunder. It was not without much wrangling, however, that they finally agreed upon this fiendish course of action, and meantime I crouched in my nook, quaking least they should discover me, while the sun sank low, and the music from the 'Conversationhaus Gardens' stole up on the breeze, warning me that it was time for mother to be at the 'Tringhalle' for her draught of water, and that she must even now be in a state of great disquietude concerning my long absence.

"I think I have told you that my mother died of heart disease, and that for years before her death our great aim was to preserve her from every mental shock. Imagine, then, my extreme anxiety to return to her, and to return safely.

"So urgent did this necessity become, that at length I arose, determined to slip away so softly that they should not perceive me. I had not gone many paces, however, until an angry exclamation from one of them warned me that I was discovered. I rushed down the path at the top of my speed, without looking behind; but I heard their heavy feet close on my heels, and I knew that did they but lay a finger on me my life was gone.

"Scarcely had this last thought shaped itself in my mind, when my foot slipped, and I stumbled to my knees. The next moment I was in their hands.

"'Spy!' hissed one, furiously; 'who sent you here?'

"If I had any presence of mind, I would have feigned ignorance of French; but I began to implore their mercy, and to explain how I happened to be alone on the 'Hohe Felsen.'

"'Throw her over the rocks,' muttered one of the wretches, 'or she'll alarm the whole duchy before morning.'

"One of them threw his cloak over my head and began to drag me back to the 'High Rocks,' despite my frenzied struggles. All at once there was a crashing among the fallen branches, and while a soft, strong hand hand caught mine, a threatening voice cried out in English, my own blessed tongue:

"'Unhand her, you villains! or I'll shoot you through the heads!'

"I was whirled in the grasp of the stranger to a position in his rear, and before I could tear the cloak from my head, the sharp report of pistol told me that he was as good as word. When I could see I found them all engaged in a fierce melee, while my deliverer, a fair-haired young Englishman, cried frantically:

"'Fly, madam, to the Alte Schloss—fly!'

"You may be sure I obeyed him. In five mintues I had reached the old castle and was telling a party of French tourists, who had just arrived, of the combat going on.

"My mother was wild with alarm. She had heard the report of the pistol, and marked with terror my pale face and disordered appearance. I calmed her as well as I could, saying I had lost the path, and then I hurried her into the carriage and we drove down to Baden-Baden in hot haste, lest news of my peril should reach her ears.

"That night I told my adventure to the councilor, and committed to his care a letter, expressing my gratitude to my brave deliverer, when he should should make himself known.

"We left Baden-Baden the next morning, a telegram from home requiring our immediate presence there; and so I never met again the fair-haired Englishman. But he did a heroic thing—did he not?"

"He could scarcely do less, could he?" replies Mr. Stanley, with a deep red stain in each thin cheek.

Miss Cheswick marks the grudging praise, the flushed check, and her face grows stern.

"That man lives in my memory," she says with cold distinctness, while her large eyes deepen and glow. "He is the one hero whom I have met—the one man whom I would wed."

"Would you?" murmurs Mr. Stanley, and he laughs incredulously, and his lips quiver as if in scorn.

"At least," says the lady, goaded into hostility by his scant, "while that man's noble courage lives in my heart I will never love a lesser hero. I shall remain faithful to his memory forever."

"Perhaps if you met him you would not love him," remarks Mr. Stanley.

"Ah! that I should. If he were the poorest, and plainest, and humblest man on earth, he would still be my hero."

"But, if you did not know he was your hero?—if he loved you madly, neither knowing you had met each other before——"

"Oh, if he would only love me!" sighs Miss Cheswick, clasping her hands, while a rich flush bathes her yearning face. "I could never, never mistake him."

"Then your heart must sometimes have pleaded for—me," murmurs her companion, a strange light in his eyes.

"For you? Oh, sir, why are you so mad? Have I not told you this story because I esteem you too much to allow you——"

"Miss Cheswick, your hero got the letter, but after weeks of illness. The pistol-shot which you heard was not fired by him, but by one of the robbers at him, and it pierced through the neck, placing his life in danger for ten weeks. When he shouted to fly it was because he felt himself falling. He was found alone and insensible by the tourists whom you sent to help him. He has never been strong or like a hero since, though I think his heart is the same; and I fear he will never inspire love in anyone's soul again—indeed, you yourself have said so."

Miss Cheswick is eying him speechlessly. Her dark face is as white as his own, but she takes his trembling hands, and presses them in hers, while her pale lips smile.

"Your letter—you will know it again," breathes Mr. Stanley, and gently withdrawing his hand he takes from [illegible] memorandum book and from its leaves selects a sheet of dainty writing, which he places before her.

"You see," he says, wistfully, "that you did not meet your imaginary hero, and could not love him, though he loves you madly." And he tries to smile cheerfully, though there is a spasm of pain on his too delicate face.

"Nay," cries Miss Cheswick, a hot flame shooting over her velvet cheeks, "if you are my hero I love you, and would have loved you long ago but for my constancy to yourself."

"Oh, my dear one, is this true?"

"Ah, yes, Mr. Stanley. But where is our game of chess? I take your knight, lo, and there! you have won the game!"—New York Weekly.

HOLDS RECORD AS EATER.

Ohio Doctor Closes Business With a Four-Pound Steak and Side Dishes.

Stories concerning the feats of Dr. H. L. Bonner of Marion, O., as an eater have savored so strongly of Munchausen, the classic prevaricator, that the Parkersburg Sentinel has been loath to believe them, but careful inquiry into the case by that newspaper has convinced it beyond a doubt that the most amazing of these reports are literally true, and that in Dr. Bonner Ohio can boast of a man who can stow away more food in his interior department at a single sitting than any other living man.

A correspondent writes as follows concerning this great eater:

"It is strictly, though we can hardly say painfully, true that Dr. Bonner has been known to eat twenty-five pounds of grapes between meals of an afternoon, and thinks no more of treating himself to a whole bunch of bananas when he feels that way, or incidentally making away with a crate of strawberries or a basket of peaches, than an ordinary person would think of taking two bites at a cherry.

"And when the doctor really gets down to business at a regular meal his bill of fare generally runs about as follows:

"One five-pound steak smothered in onions.

"Four dozen hard boiled eggs.

"Eighteen boiled potatoes.

"A quart can of tomatoes.

"Two or three pies and from six to nine glasses of milk fill in the chinks.

"Often when the doctor comes home late of a winter night after a long, hard drive he will take a few 'light refreshments' before retiring in the shape of a four-pound steak, fifty-six hard boiled eggs, three and one-half pumpkin pies, and a gallon of milk, and we have it as the direct testimony of a personal friend that Dr. Bonner never had the nightmare in his life.

"This same friend tells us of a chance acquaintance of the doctor's who happened to meet him on the street one day about noon and invited him into a restaurant to luncheon. The doctor suggested that it had better be a 'Dutch treat,' but his new friend objected to that, and asked what he would have. The doctor said that if it was 'all the same' he would take a five-pound steak smothered in mushrooms to begin with, and after that he 'wouldn't mind' having three dozen fried eggs, a can or two of tomatoes, a dozen cucumbers, and such little side dishes as there were on the bill.

"The acquaintance thought the doctor was putting up a bluff, but he ordered two five-pound steaks, the eggs, and the other things on the list. After the order was served the friend engaged in conversation with a gentleman passing by, and turned his back to the table, whereupon the doctor, just for a joke, cleared off everything, so that when his host was ready for his meal there was nothing left but the toothpicks. The host's remarks on this occasion are discreetly left to the imagination.

"It would be wholly unjust to Dr. Bonner to close this account of his extraordinary achievements at the table without stating in all seriousness that he is by no means a glutton or a man who cares to pose as a great eater. On the contrary, he is a refined gentleman, a graduate of Edinburgh College, a lover of art and literature, and a successful and highly respected physician. Nature seems to have endowed him with an abnormal capacity for food, and he only eats what he craves and what he needs, as other men do. He is a well proportioned man, his weigth being 220 pounds, and his age sixty-three years.—Baltimore Sun.

Sending for the Doctor.

When a child is sent to summon a physician, the experienced person gives him a written message to deliver at the door. It requires but a few seconds to write the note, and it is safer and better to do so. Children have been known to summon a physician, who, upon arriving at the house, found that it was a childish joke. Then again, a timid child is apt to stand around the door, not daring to go inside, if he is obliged to speak his message, while merely presenting a note requires no special effort in the way of courage. If the physician is not at home, the note can be left on the table, or tucked underneath the door, when a child might not be able to reach the slate that is usually hung outside for calls. In the note it is possible to tell in a few words, which of the family is ill, and what the symptoms may be which it is desirable for a country doctor to know, so that he may not find at the end of a long trip that he lacks some special medicine or instrument that is necessary, and be obliged either to go for it himself or to send someone to bring it.—Mary Taylor Ross, in Good Housekeeping.

NEW IDEAS in TOILETTES

New York City.—Coats made in Prince Albert style are among the latest shown and are exceedingly smart. This May Manton one is made of plum

PRINCE ALBERT COAT.

colored zibeline simply stitched with corticelli silk in tailor style and makes part of a costume, but the coat is also appropriate for the separate wrap.

The coat is made with fronts, underarm gores, and side backs that are cut off below the waist line, full length backs and skirt portions. The fronts are fitted by means of single darts and closed with buttons and buttonholes. The skirt portions are seamed to the body and are laid in pleats at the side back seams. The sleeves can be plain ones in coat style with roll-over cuffs or the full ones shown in the back view as preferred.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is two and seven-eighth yards forty-four inches wide, two and one-half yards fifty-two inches wide.

RUSSIAN COAT AND FIVE-GORED SKIRT.

A Seasonable Costume.

Long coats are much in vogue and gain favor with each succeeding week. The May Manton one shown in the large drawing is made in Russian style and is well adapted both to the entire suit and the general wrap. The model is made of black taffeta stitched with corticelli silk, but all coat and suit materials, both silk and wool, are equally appropriate.

The coat consists of a blouse portion, that is made with applied box pleats at front and back and is fitted by means of shoulder and underarm seams, and the skirt which is attached thereto beneath the belt. The skirt includes applied pleats that form continuous lines with the boluse and is laid in inverted pleats at the centre back, which provide graceful fullness. The right front laps over the left to close in double-breasted style beneath the edge of the pleat. The sleeves are box pleated from the elbows to the shoulders, so providing the snug fit required by fashion, but form full puffs at the wrists, where they are finished by flare cuffs.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is six and one-half yards twenty-seven inches wide, four yards fifty-two inches wide, four yards forty-four inches wide or

Skirts that just clear the ground are among the latest decreed by fashion and can be relied upon as correct both for the present and the season to come. The very excellent one in the large picture provides a graceful flare about the feet and is available for the entire range of skirt and suit materials, but, as shown, is made of Sicilian mohair stitched with corticelli silk.

The skirt is cut in five gores, which are so shaped as to fit with perfect snugness about the hips, while they flare freely and gracefully below the knees. The fullness at the back is laid in inverted pleats and can be stitched as illustrated or simply pressed flat as preferred. The upper edge can be finished with a belt or are of silk embroidery in delicate Persian colors.

Rain Coat.

Coats that afford perfect protection against the rain are essential to every woman's health as well as comfort. This one is adapted to covert cloth and all the materials used for coats of the sort, but is shown in Oxford gray cravenette cloth and stitched with black corticelli silk.

The coat consists of the fronts, backs and side backs. The fronts are without fullness, but the back is drawn in at the waist line and held by means of the belt. Over the shoulders is a circular cape and the neck is finished with a shaped and stitched collar. The sleeves are the ample ones of the season and are finished with straight cuffs pointed at their ends.

RAIN COAT.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is five and three-fourth yards forty-four inches wide or five yards fifty-two inches wide.

Popular Color For Hats.

A very striking hat, an importation, is made of that vivid dark blue color which is so popular this season. There is a rolled brim of the blue, and the top of the crown repeats the color. The sides of the crown and the edge of the brim consist of rows of bright red, white, and flax-blue braids. The hat tilts well over the face of the wearer, and is lifted behind with a bunch of cherries and leaves. It has no other trimming.

Picturesque Scarfs.

Veils continue to grow in length and breadth as well as thickness with the coming of cold weather, and the latest "automobiling veils" are really picturesque scarfs, passing completely around the head and tied in an artistically careless knot on the left shoulder that can be accomplished only by a study of the model, considerately placed upon the veiling counters of the leading department stores.—New York Mail and Express.

A Handsomely Trimmed Waist.

A dinner waist of tucked cafe au lait crepe de chine is trimmed with straps of brown velvet, ending in gold and amber buttons. It has a vest of Cluny lace over ivory silk. The bolero is fastened by bows of brown velvet tied through small round buckles of gold and amber. The collar and cuffs

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JAMES W. RUNKLE, Prop.

Well equipped. Bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders given special attention. Healthy locality. Beautiful scenery. Within three miles of Penns Cave, a most beautiful subterranean cavern; entrance by a boat. Well located for hunting and fishing.

Heated throughout. Free carriage to all trains.

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The readers of this paper are constantly upon the alert to ascertain where goods can be purchased at the lowest prices, and if a merchant does not advertise and keep the buyer conversant with his line of goods, how can he expect to sell them?

THINK OVER THIS!

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1903.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900; when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: '00" means July, 1900; '01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

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DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Auditor General
ARTHUR G. DEWALT, Lehigh county.
For State Treasurer
JOEL G. HILL, Wayne county.
For Judges of the Superior Court
JOHN A. WARD, Philadelphia.
CALVIN RAYBURN, Armstrong county.

COUNTY TICKET.

Jury Commissioner—FREDERICK ROBB, Romola.
County Surveyor—J. H. WETZEL, Bellefonte

Spring Mills.

Communion services were held in the Lutheran church, Rev. J. M. Rearick pastor, Sunday forenoon. In the afternoon similar services were held in the Reformed church, Rev. D. Gress pastor. Both of the services were well attended.

The Y. M. C. A. contemplate observing a week of prayer beginning with November 8. One of the ministers representing the various churches in town, will preach each night and it is hoped that the meetings will be well attended by all.

The entertainment given by Miss Grace Barber, of Mifflinburg, in the Presbyterian church last Saturday evening, was very much appreciated by those present. It is unfortunate that talent of this nature is seldom patronized by our people as it should be.

Mrs. Samuel Gramley, of Rebersburg, is visiting at the home of her step-son, T. M. Gramley.

Harry Fye and wife, of Centre Hall, and Harry Frankenberger and family, of Smithtown, spent Sunday at the home of John Breon.

Aaronsburg.

Mrs. Shoemaker, wife of Rev. Shoemaker, of Lock Haven, is paying a visit to her sister, Mrs. Deshler, on Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. John Esterline, of Loganton, spent a few days with Mrs. Esterline's daughter, Mrs. Etta Bare.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sweeney, of Centre Hill, spent Sunday with Mrs. Alice Wilkins, whose health is not improving.

E. G. Mingle and family spent Sunday at Centre Hall, the guests of Wm. Mingle.

Mrs. Scott Stover and daughter, of Rebersburg, visited at the home of Prof. Stover on Saturday.

Miss Mary Stahl has gone to spend a few months at her former home in Milton.

Wm. Guisewite and family spent Sunday with friends at Coburn.

Thomas Weaver, of Expedite, was home for a few days, returning again on Tuesday.

Wesley Hosterman and Mr. Bush, of Johnstown, visited at the home of Prof. E. Stover over Sunday.

Mr. Yordy and family, of Shamokin, are paying their annual visit to the lady's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Summers.

Julia Bower and niece, of Renovo, returned from a weeks' visit to friends at Hublersburg and Bellefonte.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Burd, of Coburn, spent Sunday with Mrs. Burd's mother, Mrs. Swabb.

Mrs. Vienna Meyer, of Pine Creek, tarried a few days with her aunt, Julia Kreamer.

Burnham.

Charles Ganoe shot fourteen gray squirrels, and Millard Leeper eleven, one day last week.

Hoover Freed, who received injuries by a piece of steel entering his eye, has gone to the hospital for treatment.

Charles Stroup has resigned his position at the steel works, to accept a position at Altoona.

Elijah Leeper moved from Mrs. Ganoe's house to Lewistown last week.

William Shutt, after a brief illness, has returned to his work in this place.

Abner Stover spent several days last week among friends near State College.

Robert Kennedy has left this place to take charge of a school in Lewistown.

The North American Tannery has been sold to Rice & Hutchinson, of Boston.

Orrie Leighty is very ill with typhoid fever.

One hundred and fifty over coats for men, youths and children at half price.

MONTGOMERY & CO.,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Harris Township.

At the present time cider making and corn husking are the chief industries.

Dr. Kidder and Postmaster Gibony made a business trip to Stone Valley last week.

Wm. Mokle, of Lemont, transacted business at Locust Grove farm on Saturday.

T. R. Weber spent Saturday at the county seat.

Miss Madie Gingerich spent last week at Axemann.

Mrs. Irvin, of Oak Hall, visited friends in Boalsburg Saturday.

George Bailey, of Altoona, spent a day at this place.

H. W. Frantz, of Pine Grove Mills, transacted business here on Friday.

George E. Meyer, of the Mountain City, is at home assisting at the farm work.

S. E. Weber, of Altoona, is here lending a helping hand at Weber's store.

J. H. Meyer spent Sunday with his sister, Miss Elizabeth Meyer, at State College.

Mrs. Harriet Steele, of Bellefonte, visited her sister, Mrs. Dinges.

S. W. Gramley spent Sunday at his home at Spring Mills.

Miss Jessie Hoover is visiting in Altoona.

Mrs. Boyer and daughter Ruth returned to their home at Dubois.

George Harnish is visiting at Snow Shoe.

Dr. Groff, Superintendent of the State Board of Health, was here on Saturday.

Miss Martha Everhart, of the Branch and George Keller, of Houserville, visited at the Hillside farm Thursday.

Alfred Wieland and son Donald, of Nordmont, are visiting here.

Albert Allen attended services at Pine Grove and Pine Hall Sunday.

P. M. Weber, one of the officers of the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon, spent Sunday at this place. At the evening service in the Reformed church he gave an interesting description of that institution, which was supplemented by a short talk on the regular subject for the evening, "Woman's Work."

Rev. A. A. Black is attending synod at Lebanon this week.

Following is the report of the Boalsburg primary school, for the first month, ending Oct. 2nd, C. G. Wieland teacher: Number of pupils enrolled, male 21, female 18, total 39; per cent. of attendance, male 83, female 87. Those in attendance every day, Roy Coxey, John Weber, Ray Lucas, Fred Brouse, Silas Gibboney, Claude Segner, Sophia Weber, Naomi Myers, Ida Segner, Elsie Rishel, Sara Kerstetter, Helen Coxey, and Mary Gibboney. Number of visitors, 3.

Nittany Mountain.

Mrs. Philip Floray, who had been making her home with J. A. Hoover for four years, moved her household goods to Mrs. Reuben Page, where she will make her future home.

Last week George Dubbs moved the boiler and engine he had used to cut the staves and saw the timber on the McNitt Bros. & Co. to Hecla, where it will be shipped to Williamsport in exchange for another outfit.

Mrs. J. B. Sprow, who had been visiting in Ohio for several weeks returned home last week. Mrs. Sprow had been in poor health for several years, her friends will be pleased to learn that her trip was a benefit to her. Mrs. Sprow while in Ohio bade farewell to her sister, Mrs. John From, formerly of Centre Hall, who moved to Whatcom, Washington, where they expect to make their future home. Mrs. From writes to her friends that it is a lovely country and they like it very much.

Mrs. Todd Ryan, who had been keeping house for Mr. Sprow during his wife's absence, returned to her home in Bellefonte Sunday.

The following is taken from a Plymouth, Ohio, paper: At the home of Mrs. John From, 202 West Fifth street, the evening of Sept. 8, Mansfield Hive, No. 77, L. O. T. M., was very pleasantly entertained, it being a farewell reception in her honor, as she expects to leave in a few days for Washington state, her future home. The ladies decided to spend a few hours socially in their social way. The house was beautifully decorated with the choicest flowers and Mrs. From served delicious home-made candy, fine lunch and hot coffee, which were highly appreciated by the ladies. On retiring to their homes, the ladies of the hive presented her with a large, handsome china dish, as a token of their highly esteemed sister. "Mrs. From responded in an appreciative way, her many thanks she could not find words to say, nor words of thanks her heart to express, and they all decided to guess at the rest." Long may she live to use the dish, was the sentiment and sincere wish of all the sisters and members and their kindness she will ever remember.

Gained Forty Pounds in Thirty Days.

For several months our younger brother had been troubled with indigestion. He tried several remedies but got no benefit from them. We purchased some Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and he commenced taking them. Inside of thirty days he had gained forty pounds in flesh. He is now fully recovered. We have a good trade on the Tablets.—HOLLEY BROS, Merchants, Long Branch, Mo. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville, F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Smithtown.

W. F. Smith and B. F. Frankenbarger are the first to finish husking corn in this section.

Calvin Swartz was home over Sunday; glad to see him come.

Smith Bros. had the misfortune to have their engine break, but is in running order again.

Perry Deobler had some help to husk his corn.

N. E. Duck threshed his clover seed the other day.

Rev. Lauffer visited in this section last week.

Georges Valley.

Grandpa Auman visited friends in this vicinity.

Messrs. John and Jasper Wagner visited at the home of Miles J. Barger Sunday.

Protracted meeting is still in progress at this place.

May be some of the farmers will get cold fingers husking corn, if they don't hurry up.

Mrs. Eve Zettle is on the sick list.

Mrs. S. Ripka visited friends at Pleasant Gap.

Rebersburg.

Dr. Musser, of Aaronsburg, is seen in our town quite frequently. He seems to have a large practice.

L. B. Frank took a trip to Williamsport last week.

Mrs. George Smull is visiting in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Joe. Winters, of Lock Haven, and George Brachbill, of Pittsburg, were here to attend the funeral of John Woodling.

H. G. Krape was housed up last week with neuralgia in the head.

Centre Hill.

A snow storm passed through this section Monday.

Jeff. Heckman spent Sunday with A. C. Confer, of Spring Mills.

Miss Mary Alexander came home from Nittany to attend school.

Mrs. Henry Lingle and daughter, of Georges Valley, spent Sunday with her son Calvin.

Mrs. Mary Dinges, of Centre Hall, spent Monday with Mrs. Sarah Tressler.

Henry Royer and wife spent Sunday with their son John, at Madisonburg.

George Sharer, of Centre Hall, was seen passing through town Sunday evening.

Tusseyville.

Mr. and Mrs. John Diehl, of Linden Hall, spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Floray.

Miss Effie R. Ishler has returned home after an eight weeks' course in music, and expects to continue her studies at Bucknell College, Lewisburg.

The wedding bells will ring in the near future. The calithumpians will be notified for a large turn-out.

The entertainment in the Evangelical church Saturday evening proved to be a success.

Rev. Rearick preached a very able sermon Sunday evening on the subject Contentment.

Mrs. George Ishler has received her winter millinery goods.

Smullton.

Mr. and Mrs. David Royer, of Union county, visited at the home of Newton Brungart.

Mr. and Mrs. Newton Brungart spent a few days at Zion.

Mrs. W. J. Hackenberg visited in Penns Valley last week.

Robert Hackenberg and family, of Millheim, spent Sunday with their son, W. J. Hackenberg.

Mr. Lohr and wife, of Union county, spent Sunday with J. R. Styers.

Mrs. Ida Bair and Mrs. John Emerick are on the sick list.

Elmer Miller, of Renovo, spent Friday under the parental roof.

Irvin Harry, John Brown, Miss Emert and Miss Frashier, of Mill Hall, spent Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Serene Harry.

Mrs. George Smull is spending a few weeks in Philadelphia.

Colyer.

Mrs. Samuel Jordan and two children, of Lewistown, are guests of her brother, W. F. Rockey, the past week.

Runkle Frazier and sister, Miss Carrie, of Linden Hall, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cummings, on Sunday.

Mrs. Shadow and son Howard, spent Sunday at Milroy, visiting her daughter.

Game is not so plentiful in this section with the exception of squirrels.

Mrs. J. S. Rowe and children, of Centre Hall, spent Saturday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Levi Stump.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Frazier and daughter Naomi, spent Sunday with the former's sister at Pleasant Gap.

The stereopticon entertainment held at Zion Saturday evening was well attended.

Harry Fleisher and family spent Sunday in Mifflin county with friends.

Miss Mary Moyer spent a few days with Miss Bertha Bubb, of Red Mill.

Mrs. Andrew Jordan and Mrs. C. S. Bottorf spent Monday shopping at Spring Mills.

Dora Wingard and son William spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Alvin Stump.

DEATH OF WILLIAM COLYER,

Prominent Citizen of Centre Hall Passes Away.

The readers of the Reporter who had formed an acquaintance with William Colyer will greatly regret to know that he passed peacefully away Monday afternoon. Mr. Colyer had been ill since the beginning of September, owing to a general collapse of his former great physical powers. During his illness he frequently spoke of the fact that life with him would be short; dictated where his body should be buried and made many other preliminary arrangements for his funeral and suggested how matters should be conducted after death had claimed him.

The funeral services took place this (Thursday) a. m., the meeting at the house being at nine o'clock, and services at ten o'clock in the Lutheran church at Tusseyville, where interment was made. The services were conducted by Rev. J. M. Rearick and Rev. J. F. Shultz.

The pall bearers were D. J. Meyer, B. D. Brisbin, John J. Dauberman, Alfred Durst, W. W. Spangler, George M. Boal.

William Colyer was the son of Daniel and Mary (Humel) Colyer, and was born in Potter township, on the Allen Farm, now occupied by Henry Lingle. His grandfather was a native of New England and his grandmother of German extraction.

The subject of this sketch left the parental home at the age of nineteen years, at which time he rented a house at Colyer. He afterwards purchased a house at that place for $650 which was the first real estate he owned. The property was shortly afterward destroyed by fire. Later he purchased a saw mill at Colyer, and the first year cleared $1,000. He continued to prosper, and as he accumulated capital he purchased timber land and extensively engaged in the lumber business. He built up and improved the little town of Colyer, which was named in his honor, and its growth and prosperity were due to the industries which he there established.

In 1894 Mr. Colyer removed his operations to Centre Hall, where he erected several dwellings, the Foreman & Smith grain house and coal sheds, and the saw mill, heading and planing mill which is now operated by Messrs. Brisbin and Bradford. Two years later he became a resident of Centre Hall, and has since lived here, all the while accumulating wealth which was reinvested in real estate or placed at interest.

Mr. Colyer was a kind-hearted, genial, progressive man, and was liberal in many ways. He made no exhibition of his wealth, except, perhaps, in his larder, which was stocked with everything his appetite chanced to suggest.

The deceased is survived by one sister, Susan, wife of William Bissell, of Pocahontas, Iowa, who for years was a resident of Centre Hall, being the wife of George Harpster, deceased. The other sisters were Rachael, wife of Jacob Nevil; Sarah, wife of John Miller; Mary, wife of Franklin Wright, all of Potter township.

Mr. Colyer married Frances Luse, of Gregg township, daughter of George and Sally (Long) Luse. Their children are: Emma, wife of John Hoffman, of Mifflintown; Almira, wife of George Ishler, of Tusseyville; Anna, wife of James Spicher, of Patton; Ida, wife of Ambrose Lambert, of Williamsburg; Reuben W., a farmer of Potter township, Minnie, wife of W. E. Probert, of Patton.

Mr. Colyer's present wife was the widow of Daniel Gunder. She is a native of Dauphin county, and her maiden name was Stiffler. They have one son, William, at home.

Great Corn Crop.

Seven hundred bushels of corn ears from four acres of ground is the yield reported from Boalsburg. The man who had this bountiful crop is Henry Fredericks, a man whose word is as good as a bond.

Do Good—It Pays.

A Chicago man has observed that, "Good deeds are better than real estate deeds—some of the latter are worthless. Act kindly and gently, show sympathy and lend a helping hand. You cannot possibly lose by it." Most men appreciate a kind word and encouragement more than substantial help. There are persons in this community who might truthfully say: "My good friend, cheer up. A few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will rid you of your cold, and there is no danger whatever from pneumonia when you use that medicine. It always cures. I know it for it has helped me many a time." Sold by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville, F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

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The Best is the Cheapest.....

No mutuals; no assessments.

...Money to Loan on First Mortgage

Office in Crider's Stone Building,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Telephone connection.

WRIT IN PARTITION.

To the heirs and legal representatives of Jeremiah Kline, late of Haines township, deceased, Sarah B. Kline, Henrietta Kline, Mrs. Evaline Musser, all of Aaronsburg, Pa.; Mrs. Mary Ann Hoy, No. 1225, 12th Avenue, Altoona, Pa.; Dr. Paul J. Pontius, No. 1815 Fairmount Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.; D. K. Heckman, Loganton, Clinton county, Pa.; Mrs. Minerva Smith and W. A. Smith her husband, Loganton, Clinton county, Pa.; Mrs. Regina I. Jamson and R. W. Jamson, Lock Haven, Pa.; Mrs. Mary Rile and Joseph Rile, South Bend, Indiana; Wm. S. Kline, Beloit, Kansas, and Mrs. Margaret Woodworth, No. 514 North 8th Stfeet, Atchison, Kansas.

Take notice that in pursuance of an order of the Orphans Court of Centre county, Pennsylvania, a writ in partition has been issued from said Court to the Sheriff of said county, returnable on Monday the 23rd day of November, 1903, and that an inquest will be held for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said decedent on Thursday, November 19th, 1903, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., on the following described premises, at which time and place you may be present if you see proper.

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Gregg township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at stone in public road at lines of Benjamin Limbert; thence along lands of said Benjamin Limbert and James Duck south sixty-five degrees, west two hundred and twenty-five and four-tenth rods to stone, thence along lands of James Rachau and James Beck north twenty-five degrees west twenty and five-tenth perches to stake, thence along land of J. H. Showers and F. Yearick north sixty-five degrees east one hundred and sixty-seven and five-tenth perches to stake, thence north sixty-five degrees east twelve perches to stake, thence along lands of Cyrus Philips south twenty-five degrees east eleven and four-tenth perches to stone in public road, thence in said public road north sixty-nine and one-half degrees east twenty-four perches to stone, thence north sixty-five degrees east twenty-two perches to stone, thence continuing in said road sixty-eight degrees east thirty-nine perches to stone, thence continuing in said road north seventy-five and one-fourth degrees east ten perches to stone, thence in said road to the place of beginning, south eight and one-half degrees east thirty-four and two-tenth perches. Containing two hundred and thirty-two acres and forty-two perches neat measure.

H. S. TAYLOR, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Oct. 29, 1903.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.—The undersigned offers for sale or rent her farm in Colyer, Pa., of one hundred and seventy-five acres, ninety acres of which are clear the balance in young timber. Good house and bank barn and out buildings. Running water in the house. Fine fruit. A good dairy farm. The reason for selling: my health is poor.

MARY A. SLACK.
October 29, 1903. 5t Colyer, Pa.

WANTED AN ENTERPRISING FARMER.—An enterprising farmer in this section is wanted to canvass during late fall and winter among the farmers in his vicinity. Must be active, capable and honest. Work will prove profitable to a good man and can be made a source of regular and easily earned income each year. To it may be devoted as much or as little time as desired. If interested write at once to T. M. G., BOX 74, ALBANY, N. Y.

GOOD FARM FOR SALE containing one hundred thirty acres, situate in College Township, Centre County, Pa., belonging to the estate of Jonathan Tressler, deceased, and which was lately occupied by Isaac Tressler, now also deceased. Good buildings, good supply of water, good orchard, etc. Terms moderate.

JOSEPH TRESSLER, Pleasant Gap.
DANIEL TRESSLER, Linden Hall.
Fortney & Walker, Attorneys, Executors.
Bellefonte, Pa., Aug. 26, 1903. tf.

Saw Mill for Sale—The undersigned offers for sale his well equipped saw mill located at Garrity's, near Potters Mills. The plant has a thirty-horse power boiler, twenty-five horse-power engine, latest improved gang edger, 54th mill, sixty-inch circular saw, cut off saw and other saws. The mill is in first class condition and has been in use but one year. The plant will be sold at a bargain. Good reasons for selling. Call on or write to

A. J. RICHLEY,
Sept. 27, 1903-6t Potters Mills, Pa.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The house and lot in Centre Hall, known as the Wm. Wolf property, is offered at private sale by the undersigned. This property is one of the best located and most desirable homes in every way in the town. Buildings are all in first class repair. The house is a frame structure, large and conveniently arranged and has bath room; good stabling for horses and cows; buggy shed, hog pen, cribs, chicken house, etc. The property is located near the diamond, on Main street, the south and west sides fronting on an alley, making it a most pleasant place for a residence. The home will be sold at a very reasonable figure, since the owner is not a resident of Centre Hall and has no other interest in the place.

W. B. MINGLE, Agent,
Sept. 24, 1903. Centre Hall, Pa.

SALE REGISTER.

October 29, Thursday, 10 a. m., one and one-half miles east of Old Fort, on Fairview Fruit farm—Stock and full line of farm implements. Three horses, five thoroughbred shorthorn milch cows, bull, three heifers, five calves. These animals are all shorthorn stock, red in color, and in good condition. Fifty head of hogs. A full set of farm implements, wagons, etc. Sharpless cream separator, latest improved, new beginning of August; lot of harness, full set of blacksmith tools, household goods, pair pea fowls, and all the tools and implements usually found on a well equipped farm. IVY W. BARTGES.

November 7, 1:30 p. m., Centre Hall, household goods, etc. MRS. ANNA CLEMENTS.

November 12, Thursday, 12 o'clock, two and one-half miles west of Spring Mills. 2 horses, 5 cows, 6 head of young cattle, 17 hogs, harness, farm machinery, good bob sled, fruit evaporator, and implements, etc., found on a farm.

MRS. MARY J. GOODHART.

November 21, Saturday, 12 o'clock, one-half mile east of Penns Cave, on the premises of Catharine Rote, deceased. Horse, top buggy, spring wagon, truck wagon, sled, farm implements, household furniture, etc.

ANDREW F. ROTE.

November 25, 10 a. m., one-half mile east of Farmers Mills. Horses, cows and farm implements. SAMUEL FREDERICKS.

PUBLIC SALE—There will be offered at public sale at the residence of the undersigned, one mile east of Potters Mills,

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 10 A. M.

the following:

One team of mares, six and nine years old, blacks, weight 1300 to 1400, team sound and true; gray mare, Kentucky stock, 12 years old, work anywhere; sorrel horse, good worker on the farm; sorrel colt, bred from Kentucky mare by Reynold's Hackney horse, one and one-half years old, 6 milch cows, Holstein bull 3 years old, 6 steers, 1½ years old; 4 heifers, 2½ years old; all bred from Holstein stock, 4 brood sows, 3 Poland China-Tamworth; thoroughbred Poland China hog; thoroughbred English Berkshire boar; 22 shoats, ranging from 5 weeks to 7 months old. Deering binder, Deering mower, Tiger hay tedder, Albright riding cultivator, complete; plows, harrows, 2-horse wagon, 4 inch tire; 4-horse wagon on 4 inch tire; two sets hay ladders. Fodder shredder, new and in first-class condition. Horse power and jack, in good order. Buggy, two-seated cutter, two-horse sled. Harness, collars, bridles, halters, chains, lines, etc., for four horses; single driving harness. Enterprise grinder, sausage stuffer, fat press. Also lot of household goods.

MRS. HENRY P. SANKEY,
WM. GOHEEN, Auctioneer. Potters Mills, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE—There will be sold at public sale at the residence of the undersigned ¾ mile west of Farmers Mills,

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 10 A. M.

the following property:

Sorrel team—Mare six years old, weighs 1400 lbs., is a good leader; horse, ten years old, weighs 1200 lbs. Bay horse, good leader; gray mare. Lot of horse gears, bridles and collars, breast chains, log chains, spreader chains, cow chains, single and double trees, cow bells, dinner bell. Cyclone grass seeder, forks, etc. Six milch cows, some will be fresh by time of sale; six fine heifers, 18 months old; one steer, five calves two bulls, three heifers, old since spring. 8 good shoats. Wood binder. Deering mower, hay rake, Superior grain drill, good as new; Champion steel land roller, good as new; Albright riding cultivator, corn planter attachment; 2 [illegible] 2 spring tooth harrows; wagon with [illegible] inch tire and 4-inch steel skein, good as new; wagon with 3-inch tire, two pairs hay ladders, one pair good as new. Spring wagon with 3 seats. Cart, bob sled, log sled, forks, ropes, pulleys.

H. H. MILLER. SAMUEL FREDERICKS.
Auctioneer.

For a pleasant physic take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Easy to take. Pleasant in effect. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville, F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table in effect May 24, '03.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON. EASTWARD.

7.38 a. m.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m., New York 2.53 p. m., Baltimore 12.10 p. m., Washington 1.15 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.26 a. m.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazleton and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

.33 p. m.—Train 12. Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.25 p. m., New York, 9.20 p. m., Baltimore, 6.00 p. m. Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and past senger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 p. m.—Train 2. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p. m., New York 3.33 a. m., Baltimore 9.45 p. m., Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.05 p. m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m. New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore 2.30 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.32 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily.) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily.) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p. m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations. Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.36 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.02 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 p. m.—Train 9. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week days.

Westward. P M	A.M.	STATIONS.	Eastward. A M	P M
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 35	4 40
1 48	6 39	Lewisburg	9 00	4 30
1 55	6 28	Elichi	8 50	4 23
2 00	6 42	Vicksburg	8 55	4 18
2 08	6 50	Millmont	8 40	4 10
2 20	7 02	Glen Iron	8 30	3 57
2 28	7 07	Paddy Mountain	8 20	3 49
2 59	7 40	Coburn	8 00	3 10
3 10	7 50	Zerby	7 50	3 00
3 16	7 57	Rising Spring	7 45	2 52
3 26	8 05	Penn Cave	7 35	2 54
3 32	8 11	Centre Hall	7 28	2 48
3 38	8 18	Gregg	7 22	2 41
3 45	8 24	Linden Hall	7 17	2 36
3 52	8 31	Oak Hall	7 10	2 30
3 56	8 35	Dale Summit	7 06	2 25
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 21
4 04	8 43	Pleasant Gap	6 57	2 17
4 13	8 52	Axemann	6 48	2 08
4 16	8 56	Bellefonte	6 45	2 05
4 20	9 00		6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m., 9.45 a. m., 1.15 5.25 and 7.50 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.26 a. m., 10.03 a. m., 5.00, 5.40 p. m. and 8.07 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.26 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.28 a. m., 10.03 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'r Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

Read Down. No. 1	No 3	No 5	June 28, 1903	Read Up. No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p. m.	p. m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
†7 00	†2 40	†6 45	BELLEFONTE	† 9 25	† 5 15	† 9 35
7 11	2 51	6 56	Nigh	9 12	5 02	9 22
7 16	2 56	7 01	Zion	9 06	4 56	9 16
7 23	3 03	7 07	Hecla Park	9 00	4 50	9 10
7 25	3 05	7 09	Dunkles	8 58	4 48	9 07
7 29	3 09	7 13	HUBLERSB'G	8 54	4 44	9 03
7 35	3 15	7 17	Snydertown	8 50	4 40	8 59
7 37	3 17	7 19	Nittany	8 47	4 37	8 57
7 41	3 21	7 23	Huston	8 44	4 34	8 53
7 43	3 23	7 27	LAMAR	8 41	4 31	8 50
7 47	3 27	7 31	Clintondale	8 38	4 28	8 47
7 51	3 31	7 35	Krider's S'd'g	8 33	4 23	8 43
7 57	3 37	7 41	Mackeyville	8 28	4 18	8 38
8 00	3 40	7 44	Cedar Springs	8 22	4 12	8 32
8 05	3 45	7 50	Salona	8 20	4 10	8 30
			MILL HALL	†8 15	†4 05	†8 25
11 45	8 40		Jersey Shore	3 22		7 40
12 20	9 10	Arr.	Wm'PO'T Lve	†2 50		†7 10
†12 29	11 30	Lve	Arr.	2 30		
			(Philad & Reading Ry.)			
7 30	6 50		PHILA	†8 36	11 36	
10 40	9 02		NEW YORK	†4 25	7 30	
			(Via Philad.)			
†0 40		Ar	New York Lv	4 00		
			(Via Tamaqua)			
P. M.	P. M.					

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD. 12‡	8‡	2‡	STATIONS.	WESTWARD 1‡	7‡	11‡
PM	PM	AM	Ar. Lv.	A M	AM	PM
6 30	1 10	8 45	Bellefonte	6 30	10 50	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40	Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 37	Morris	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 33	Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 33
6 05	12 49	8 31	Hunters	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28	Fillmore	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24	Brisly	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20	Waddle	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18	Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8 7	Krumrine	7 17	11 20	5 03
5 33	12 24	8 04	Struble	7 20	11 24	5 09
5 31	12 22	8 02	Inn	7 28	11 28	5 18
‡	12 20	8 00	State College	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

‡Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

Why Pay Rent or the Current Rate of Interest When the HomeCo-Operative Company a Co-partnership will furnish you the money to buy a home, or pay the mortgage off, and give you Ten Years and Five [illegible] To pay it back at the Rate of $8.50, per Month, With Interest at 3 Per Cent. Per Annum on the graduating scale, which amounts to 1¾ per cent. simple interest on amount. Strict investigation courted. I am also agent for the Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York

The largest in the World. You cannot afford to insure your life until you see me. Write or call on the General Agent for full particulars. Any information required will be given.

Edwin K. Smith
General Agent
Oak Hall Sta., Pa.

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

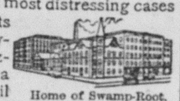
If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Come one; come all.

A Splendid Line of . . . . . FALL AND WINTER GOODS Just received at the

Bargain Emporium

. . . OF . . .

O. T. CORMAN

SPRING MILLS.

DRESS GOODS

Dress goods in great profusion. Serges and zibelines in all the beautiful fall shades.

ENGLISH HOSIERY

English hosiery for ladies, misses and children, also a large assortment of men's socks. Ladie's underwear in great variety, and at about half value. Men's working and dress shirts, 25c up.

COMPLETE STOCK OF JEWELRY

My stock of jewelry is complete and comprises everything in that line.

FLOOR COVERINGS

Rag and Ingrain carpets. Oil cloth, linolium in fine colorings at prices to astonish you. About a third off.

HATS and CAPS

Hats and caps in all the latest styles, and at remarkably low figures.

OCEANS OF NOTIONS

An endless variety of Notions, Insertion, Embroideries and a fine line of ribbons are found in this department.

My expenses being light, I have no hesitancy in saying that the same cash will buy more than at any other store in town.

All kinds of produce wanted, and the highest market price paid in exchange for goods.

Call and see me before purchasing elsewhere.

...SCHOOL...

You'd be surprised to see the large number of students leaving our store these days; each carrying a package containing Stationery required this year by his school or college at about one-half regular price, or if at same price, twice the quantity.

Mennen's Powder - - - 20c
Common Talcums, the box - 5c, 10c

Collar Points, a line at - 5c
Purse Beads and the Silks.

Fine line Mohairs and Serges. All the leading new Frbrics.

Paper Soldiers and Beads for the Children.

Men's Working Hose, 5c. Regular 8c quality.

Beautiful Outing or Flannelette, 5c to 10c.

Woolen Hose for the Family.

Toy Wash Boards, 10 and 15c.

Don't neglect the medium weight underwear for these chilly days.

Oleine Soap, 5c the lb

More of the popular Shirt Waist Sets. A new line of Trimmings.

See our 10c assortment of Dishes.

That line of popular priced Granite Ware in at last. At least a thousand pieces to pick from.

Ladies . . . . .
. . . . themselves . . . .

...HARMAN'S.

While opening a box, J. C. Mount, of Three Mile Bay, N. Y., ran a ten penny nail through the fleshy part of his hand. "I thought at once of all the pain and soreness this would cause me," he says, "and immediately applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm and occasionally afterwards. To my surprise it removed all pain and soreness and the injured parts were soon healed." For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville, F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

One hundred and fifty overcoats for men, youths and children at half price.

MONTGOMERY & CO.,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LOCALS.

James Durst, of Potters Mills, is ill with pneumonia.

Horse and mule colt sale Friday, at Centre Hall hotel.

A little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Thomas is ill.

The report that Christian Houser sold his farm is incorrect.

For oysters go to O. T. Corman, Spring Mills. Price 32 cents per quart.

Mrs. Alfred Durst, of Centre Hall, who has been ill for some time, is little or no better.

The foundation for a stone walk was constructed along the Lutheran church lot and approaches to the church.

Miss Grace Reznor Barber, of Mifflinburg, was entertained at the home of Dr. W. H. Schuyler over Sunday.

Farmers and horsemen don't fail to attend the horse and mule colt sale Friday, Oct. 30, 1 p. m., Centre Hall hotel.

Isaac Shawver, Landlord of the Old Fort hotel, is ill with pneumonia. Mr. Shawver but recently recovered from a light attack of the same disease.

There will be a meeting of the Hospital Aid Society at the home of Mrs. J. F. Alexander, Monday evening, November 2. A good attendance is desired.

Francis Fleisher, of Hinchman, Michigan, was one of a number who remitted subscription last week, and expressed their good wishes for the Reporter.

The following relatives of Mr. Colyer are here on account of his death: Mrs. James Spicher, Patton; Mr. and Mrs. John Hoffman, of Mifflintown; Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Lambert, Williamsburg; Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Probert, of Patton.

P. O. Stiver, editor of the Freeport (Illinois) Daily and Weekly Bulletin, was an arrival in Centre Hall Wednesday morning. Mr. and Mrs. Stiver came east to attend the funeral of Mrs. Adams, of Lock Haven, who was Mrs. Stiver's sister.

A Commercial telephone was placed in the dwelling of Daniel Rickard, at Colyer, who is the sawyer on the Colyer mill at that point. It was a coincident that the first message that passed over the wire announced the death of Mr. Colyer, who was Mr. Rickard's employer.

Mrs. Linnie Ruble, of State College, who for some few months made her home with her sister, Mrs. B. D. Brisbin, in this place, today, Thursday, will go to Cleveland, Ohio, where she will live for the present. Her son, Joseph Ruble, a graduate of State College, is located in that city.

The Review of Reviews is keeping up its reputation as the best interpreter of the news of the day among our monthly journals. The November number deals with the postal investigation, the fall elections, the recent exposure of "high finance" in trust organization, the Panama Canal situation, the award of the Alaska boundary tribunal, the protectionist movement in England, and the issue in the far East between Russia and Japan.

Jacob C. Lee, of Milton accompanied by his wife, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Meyer, in this place, last week. Mr. Lee is a son of John R. Lee, of Colyer, but has been away from home for the past ten years. The junior Mr. Lee was for a time employed by the Illinois Central railroad, in Minnesota, and later, for five years, at Northumberland. At present he is a telegrapher on the Empire and Anchor, or Pennsylvania line, at Milton, which position at that point is a very important one.

DEATHS.

JACOB BREON.

Jacob Breon, of Millheim, died early Tuesday morning from heart trouble. Funeral Friday morning, services in the Lutheran church, Spring Mills, Rev. Rearick officiating. Interment in Georges Valley cemetery.

The deceased formerly lived in Georges Valley. He was twice married. The first wife was Matilda Kennelly; the second wife, who survives, was Mary Weagly. Ten children survive, five to the first and five to the second wife. They are, Mrs. Leah Martin, Williamsburg; Louisa, Mrs. N. S Weaver, Williamsport; George R., Highland, Kansas; W. S., Millheim; Mrs. Catharine Pipes, Lock Haven; Annie, Mrs. Frank Kreamer, Millheim; Ada, Mrs. Wallace Weaver, Philadelphia; Mazie, Mrs. Samuel Yocum, Altoona; Wallace and Charles, Millheim.

JOHN WOODLING.

John Woodling, of Rebersburg, died last Friday morning. Interment took place in the Union cemetery Sunday afternoon, Rev. C. B. Harman of the Lutheran church officiating. The deceased was about seventy-two years old, and had been in poor health for about ten or eleven years. The cause of death was dropsy. He is survived by his wife, three sisters and one brother: Mrs. Benjamin Winters, Mrs. Joe Winters, of Lock Haven; Mrs. Tillie Earhart, of Johnstown, and Christ Woodling, of Millheim.

HENRY DETWILER

Henry Detwiler, Sr., died Tuesday morning at his home in Smullton. Interment Thursday forenoon.

WABASH NEWS.

A Dozen Engineers Surveying Route Through the Mountains.

Last week mention was made that eight engineers were surveying through the valley, and the presumption was that they were following up one of several old railroad surveys. After a reconnoissance of the lower part of Penns Valley, the party began actual work west of Coburn, at a point near Zerbe.

Wednesday the party had reached near Ingleby, a distance of about five miles having been surveyed. The line leads parallel with the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad, and is on the south side of the railroad line and Penns creek for the entire distance. At some points the line approaches the L. & T. right-of-way, and at others it is as much as forty rods distant.

The survey is distinctly marked, not only by the brush and trees being cut away, but the line is staked and elevations, etc., marked.

There is a possibility that Pine creek will be followed and the above route abandoned.

The engineers are entirely silent as to their objective point, or for whom they are working. They are as clams on all subjects that might betray their purpose.

Conclusive information from outside sources has been obtained which reveals the fact that this same corps of engineers last worked in the neighborhood of Westover, in the southern portion of Clearfield county. The search for an outlet through the mountains, would conform to the idea that a practically straight line is desired from Pittsburg to the West Branch of the Susquehanna river, possibly at Sunbury.

It has been known for some time that the Wabash people had engineers in Clearfield county, and since it is almost absolutely proven that the corps at Coburn is the same one that was at Westover, it may be accepted as a fact that the parallel survey to the Lewisburg & Tyrone branch of the Pennsylvania railroad, through the mountains, is for the use of the Wabash railroad.

Another point may be conjectured. It is this: That this corps of engineers have in mind Pine Grove Mills and Boalsburg as two points in Centre county that their survey, when completed, will touch.

Marriage Licenses.

Lawrence E. Runkle, Tusseyville.
Catharine R. Heckman, Tusseyville.
Charles E. Rockey, Zion.
Bertha L. Speele, Bellefonte.
William Jodon, Milesburg.
Eva Adams, Milesburg.
G. Edward Harper, Bellefonte.
Lotta P. Yeager, Bellefonte.

Woods Appointed Judge.

Governor Pennypacker has settled the contest for the Judgeship in the Twentieth Judicial District, comprising the counties of Mifflin, Huntingdon and Bedford, by appointing ex-Senator Joseph M. Woods, of Mifflin county, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Bailey.

Judge Woods is the son of D. Walker Woods, who at the age of eighty-one years is practicing at the Lewistown bar.

He Learned a Great Truth.

It is said of John Wesley that he once said to Mistress Wesley: "Why do you tell that child the same thing over and over again?" "John Wesley, because 'once telling is not enough." It is for this same reason that you are told again and again that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cures colds and grip; that it counteracts any tendency of these diseases to result in pneumonia, and that it is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville, F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Week of Prayer.

For Centre Reporter.

The Y. M. C. A. members of Spring Mills, will hold public union meetings observing the week of prayer from Nov. 8 to 15 in the Lutheran church. These meetings will be conducted by the pastors of the different denominations, and a general invitation is extended to all who are interested in gospel meetings to be present. A full program will appear in next week's Reporter.

T. M. GRAMLEY,
Oct. 20, 1903. Secretary.

Guessing for Florodora Cigars.

Charles D. Bartholomew, assistant cashier of the Penns Valley Banking Company, is one of the many thousands who have made guesses in the Florodora cigar band contest. All told he will have over eleven hundred guesses, which represent twenty-seven thousand cigar bands. In these Merchant S. S. Kreamer has a one-third interest.

The contest is to guess the number of cigars on which revenue will be paid during the month of November. Prizes to the amount of $142,500 are offered. The prize for the correct, or nearest correct number is $5,000; two next best guesses, $2,500 each; ten next best guesses, $500, and so on.

Those who have given the matter thought, claim the only way to make gains is to pool interest and cover a large range of figures.

Centre Reporter $1.00 a year.

LOCALS.

Don't forget the mule and horse colt sale—see large posters.

Mrs. Samuel Bible, of Oak Hall, is rapidly improving from her sickness caused by small pox.

Wm. Blosser is occupying his new home purchased recently at Potters Mills, from J. O. Stover.

Fergus Potter, Esq., one of the foremost citizens of Haines township, was in town one day last week.

Miss Lena Poorman, after spending several weeks in Lock Haven, is back again and is staying with Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Runkle, at the hotel.

During the absence of the writer A. N. Finkle, of Spring Mills, was a caller. Mr. Finkle is giving his time exclusively to the lumber business.

Wm. H. Runkle, of York, is here to superintend the horse and mule colt sale for D. H. Snyder, which will be held at the Centre Hall hotel Friday afternoon.

Farmers having plenty coarse feed would do well to feed it into horse or mule colts. A sale of that kind of stock will be held Friday of this week, at Centre Hall hotel.

D. R. Cadwallader, of Harrisburg, an employe of the Pennsylvania railroad, came to Centre Hall Tuesday and between trains drove to Spruce-town to look after the burying place of relatives.

J. T. Potter returned from Philadelphia the other day, having taken his sister, Miss Jane Potter, to that city for treatment for her eyes. She is at the Howard hospital, Broad street, and will be obliged to remain there for several weeks.

John Snyder, west of Centre Hall, is unable to leave the house owing to an injury received by being struck with a milk can, mention of which was made last week. His one lower limb causes him much pain.

Miss H. Sadie Cummings, of near Centre Hall, a graduate of Wilkes Barre business college, has accepted a position with Gimble Brothers, Philadelphia. Miss Cummings is quite efficient in her line, and her ability, no doubt, will be appreciated by the Gimbles.

Mrs. Blanche Writes, of Bowling Green, Va., was the guest of Mrs. D. J. Meyer, Wednesday. Mrs. Write is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Meyer, of Virginia, formerly of Boalsburg and later of this place. Mrs. Write's husband is a southerner by birth.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the photographer, will be at Centre Hall Friday of this week.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

The following accounts have been examined passed and filed of record in the Register's office for the inspection of the heirs and legatees, creditors and others in any wise interested, and will be presented to the Orphan's Court of Centre County for confirmation on Wednesday, November 25th, 1903.

1. First and final account of George W. Fisher and Nancy M. Fisher, Executors of Rebecca Fisher, late of Unionville borough, Centre county, Pa., deceased.
2. First and final account of S. L. Stiver and W. B. Stiver, executors of the last will and testament of Thomas J. Stiver, late of Potter township, deceased.
3. First and final account of John S. Walker, administrator D. B. N. of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits which were of John Reese, late of Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, deceased.
4. First and final account of Isaac Orndorf, executor of &c. of Wm. Omderflate, of Haines township.
5. First and final account of Robert Condo, administrator of &c. of James J. Price, late of Harris township, deceased.
6. Final account of Harry H. McEntire, administrator of the goods and chattels, rights and credits which were of N. R. McEntire, late of Bellefonte, Pa., deceased.
7. Final account of Frank K. Luckenbach and Frank F. Irwin, executors of Wm. E. Irwin, late of Philipsburg, Pa., deceased.
8. First and final account of Lucretia Peters, executrix of Caroline Long, late of Howard, Centre Co., Pa., deceased.
9. First and final account of W. A. Collins, executors of the last will and testament of Catherine Matts, late of Rush township, deceased.
10. The account of Wm. Pealer, executor of all and singular the goods &c. which were of Susan Coldren, widow, late of Gregg township, deceased.
11. The account of Wm. Pealer, administrator of all and singular the goods which were of Edwin Ruhl, late of Gregg township, deceased.
12. First and final account of John A. Woodward administrator of etc., of the estate of Wm. Marsden, late of Howard township, deceased.
13. The account of Chas. F. Cook, guardian of Mary and Katie Lutz, minor children of Ellen Lutz, deceased.
14. First and final account of J. H. Rishel, executor of the last will and testament of William Weaver deceased.
15. The final account of W. B. Turner, guardian of etc., of Edward Miles, Mary Miles, Roy Miles and Bessie Miles, minor children of George W. Miles, late of Huston township, Centre county, Pa., deceased.
16. Fifth annual account of George R. Meek, trustee for the estate of Thos. R. Reynolds, late of Borough, deceased.
17. The first and final account of Anson A. Schenck, administrator of etc., of Mary M. Schenck, late of Howard borough.
18. The first and final account of J. Dorsey Green, executor of etc. of Christian Miller, late of Patton Twp., deceased.
19. The first and final account of J. E. Henderson and W. P. Parsons, administrators of etc., of John C. Henderson, late of Huston township., deceased.
20. First and final account of H. H. Harshbarger guardian of Wilbur E. Burkholder, minor child of Felix M. Burkholder, late of Potter township, deceased.

A. G. ARCHEY,
Bellefonte, Oct. 28, 1903. Register.

New Games

A **FREE** game inside each package of

Lion Coffee

60 different games.

KREAMER & SON.

A fine full line of . . .
LADIES' & MISSES' SHOES.

A Complete line . . . .
MEN'S AND BOYS' SHOES.

Please do not forget our . . .
FINE LINE OF CARPETS.

Kreamer & Son, Centre Hall, Pa.

Shoes for Everybody . .

My line of . . . . .
Box Calf for LADIES
MISSES
CHILDREN
and MEN
was never better for the Money.

The styles of the season suit everybody . . . . .

MY RUBBER LINE is made up of the best Lambertville, Mishawaka, American, etc. Come and let us reason together.

P. V. S. STORE.

Goods exchanged for Produce. . . .

C. A. KRAPE.
Spring Mills, Pa.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND **Granite.**

Don't fail to get my prices.

H. F. ROSSMAN
Spring Mills, Pa.

Special attention is called to . . . . . .
UNDERWEAR OF ALL KINDS
Heavy Cotton and Woolen Hose for Men, Women and Children . . . . . .
NEW TRIMMINGS. SHOES and RUBBERS.
Everything usually found in a well stocked store.

The Lamp of Steady Habits

The lamp that doesn't flare up or smoke, or cause you to use bad language; the lamp that looks good when you get it and stays good; the lamp that you never willingly part with, once you have it; that's

The New Rochester.

Other lamps may be offered you as "just as good"—they may be, in some respects, but for all around goodness, there's only one, *The New Rochester.* To make sure the lamp offered you is genuine, look for the name on it; every lamp has it. (300 Varieties.)

Old Lamps Made New.

We can fill every lamp want. No matter whether you want a new lamp or *stove,* an old one repaired or refinished, a vase mounted or other make of lamp transformed into a **New Rochester,** we can do it. Let us send you literature on the subject.

We are SPECIALISTS in the treatment of diseases of Lamps. Consultation FREE.

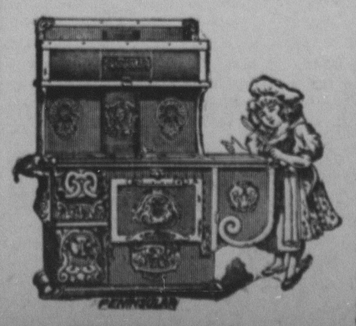
THE ROCHESTER LAMP CO., 38 Park Place & 33 Barclay St., New York.

Peninsular
Square Heater . . . . .
...and...
Western
Hot Blast Heater . . .
At the Popular Prices . . . . .

These Stoves are not only Pretty in Design but they have many Superior advantages. An examination will reveal these points.

THE PLACE TO SEE THE BEST STOVES
THE PLACE TO BUY THE CHEAPEST STOVES

J. A. Reesman, Centre Hall



Sunshine Oak Parlor.
Red Cross Oak Parlor.
Retort Peninsular.

Peninsular Steel Range
Imperial Red Cross Range

Not only stoves, but everything in our line, at the right prices . . . . . .

FARM AND GARDEN

THE FARMYARD IN SPRING.

How it usually looks after the long winter of the north country! Bits of board, scraps of bone, perhaps brought there by the dog, or, what is worse, thrown out there after dinner; wisps of straw, scraps of paper and all manner of debris scattered there during the cold days of winter, come to light, now that the snow has vanished.

What about it? It ought to be cleared up. You know it. Then why not do it? We live in this world but once. Life is precious to most of us. Pity the man of whom this is not true. More than we know or realize our health and length of life depend upon our farm surroundings. The air we breathe, the water we drink, the light which comes in through our windows, all have much to do with the length of our days and the joy of living. All the waste material left by the winter days will surely decay if left where it is, and decay means malaria, which is simply the latter day big word for bad air. The washing from this decaying matter floats along the surface of the ground until it finds its way into the well, bringing back to us impurities which pass into the food we eat and the water we drink. The house drains get stopped and need opening.

But, putting aside all considerations of health, look at the matter from an aesthetic standpoint. How much better it looks to pass a farmhouse the grounds of which are well kept! You have noticed this. You cannot help it. About houses owned by those who "have no time for such things" you have seen indisputable proofs of the fact that the man who lives there thinks that all there is of farming is the money he can get out of the place. Nine times out of ten, if you really knew the family sheltered by that house, you would find them ill natured, hard worked and generally unhappy. Life has little meaning to its members. Every thing about the farm corresponds to the appearance of the grounds around the house. No doubt the boys and girls are just aching to get away from the home to the city. The rundown and slipshod way of keeping the house yard may be taken as a sure index of all the other methods of the farmer.

The trim and neat farm yard betokens a thrifty and happy farmer and contented children. Home is not simply a place to live in overnight. It is home in the fullest sense of the word. Around it centres all that makes life worth living. The children may go away, but their hearts will ever turn back to the old place. It pays from more than one standpoint to make the farmhouse as nice as possible. The expense is not great and the return beyond estimate. Then, take time to clean up.—E. L. Vincent, in New York Tribune Farmer.

MUTTON SHEEP.

We are yet behind our English competitors in the raising and fattening of mutton sheep. Any one who has ever eaten a genuine Southdown mutton chop has little need to be told of its superiority; indeed there is no comparison. There is none of the rank, wooly taste so often noticed in our American mutton. Prime mutton is one of the most wholesome of meats, but on account of its price and scarcity very little enters into the diet of the working classes, to whom it would be of great benefit. In the West, where both the climate and natural grasses combine to render it one of the best sheep-growing sections of the world, the raising of good mutton sheep may be attended with profit. In fact, all who have tried it have met with success. One of the best breeds of sheep for mutton and wool is the Southdown. This is the favorite English mutton breed, and is probably one of the oldest breeds, being well known at the time William the Conqueror entered England. From them the Oxford downs have sprung. The size is medium, though the body is much larger than it appears, from the fact that they are very short-legged. A thoroughbred Southdown should have a dark brown face and black legs. The wool is about four inches long, thick and close; the fleeces average from eight to twelve pounds per head. They are docile and become very tractable with kind management. They will not bear herding in as large herds as the merinos, but are more easily herded. They are excellent mothers, taking the best care of their young, and very prolific. They will attain a weight, at two years old, of from one hundred and seventy-five to two hundred pounds, or more, and may readily be fattened at any age, for which reason they are particularly valuable for market purposes, as the lambs mature early.—Philadelphia Record.

POULTRY FOR WINTER.

Those who raise poultry for eggs have probably selected the young stock for winter laying, and they should be located where they are getting all the green food they need, yet not running over too much area. After spending all of the summer on a range of considerable size, it is a good plan to bring the pullets in near the house and give them a smaller range; room enough to get plenty of exercise, but not enough so they will run off the muscle and weight gained during the summer. They must not go into winter quarters fat, but they should be plump and with enough vitality to stand the confinement.

If any are ailing separate from the rest of the flock, and if they are not readily cured by simple remedies, kill them and burn the carcasses, bearing in mind that one can not afford to take an ailing bird into winter quarters. Provide a place for the surplus cockerels, so that they will not trouble the pullets or hens, and as soon as they can be put in proper shape sell them for what they will bring. Be certain, however, the best specimens have been selected for keeping up the strain. Use these selected cockerels for mating with the older hens at breeding season, and the pullets of the past spring mate to a two-year old cock.—Indianapolis News.

TOO MUCH LIME USED.

That many soils are benefited by lime there is no doubt, but it should be used with discretion, remembering that it is simply a sweetener of the soil and an agent in bringing into use the other chemicals in the soil. Its fertilizing value is so small that it may be properly said not to be a fertilizer. In many localities lime is used yearly in quantities ranging from fifty to one hundred bushels an acre. This is too much, and while it may do no special harm it does no good hence is a waste.

A light application, twenty to thirty bushels an acre, is sufficient, and should not be applied more frequently than every three or four years, unless the soil is decidedly sour, which may be determined by the litmus paper test, when the applications may be more frequent. If this test shows a decidedly sour soil the applications should be at the rate of twenty-five bushels the acre for two years in succession, then skip two years, then apply for one year twenty-five bushels an acre. This will be sufficient for three years, and the crops will be all that the applications of lime can make them. If proper fertilization of the soil is done there ought to be no further trouble with sour soil —Indianapolis News.

CARN AND COW-PEAS.

I planted the corn in alternate spaces of four or five feet, so that I could get double drill in the five-foot space. After the corn was up, I ran the drill through the five-foot spoce and put the cow-peas in six feet from the corn row. The pea took to the corn better than I expected.

It was cut by hand with a hook cutter. In this way the stock was cut and it was easily handled. Twenty to twenty-five per cent. more labor was required to handle it in this way than to handle the corn alone. The object in planting was to get a stock of corn and a stock of peas eight inches apart. I do not imagine there would have been any perceptible difference in the amount of corn raised if I had not put in the cow-peas. The entire yield was 160 tons. We fed it all winter, and the cows like it very much; equally as well as the corn silage. They commenced on it about the first of last month. They ran out until the weather got cold. Since being brought in they are doing well, either from being warmly housed or from the feed.—H. M. Palmer, in The Cultivator.

PRACTICAL POULTRY POINTS.

Introduce new blood among the poultry.

Give the fowls especial care during the moulting season.

Oil meal will assist and hasten the moulting process.

Do not expect to get good, pure-bred poultry for six cents per pound.

Keep the henhouse clean and sweet

Hens should have food and drink at regular intervals.

Treat your fowls gently and they will be tame and look to you for kindness.

Save all the droppings for future use.

Give your fowls plenty of room; save crowding.

Keep the roosts saturated with kerosene.

Keep the henhouse free from lice and the hens also.

Feed salt very sparingly; large amounts often prove fatal to them.

Save your second crop clover; cut it up and feed it with a mixture of bran.

Do not forget a supply of fresh water; an egg is nine-tenths water.

VALUE OF BUTTERMILK.

Buttermilk is a valuable food for both man and beast. It is that portion of the milk or cream left after the fat has been removed. It contains nitrogen, potash, phosphoric acid, soda, and a certain proportion of milk sugar. A ton of buttermilk possesses a manurial value of two dollars. It is a more valuable food than many suppose.

The cocoanut palm has leaves nearly thirty feet long.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

THE CARE OF THE HAIR.

The combing of the hair must be done with a large comb with widely separated teeth, and not with a fine comb. Always use a shell comb, and beware of bone and celluloid combs, which burn and cut the hair.

In the morning and at night, after being combed, the hair must be brushed with a rather hard brush, the bristles of which can penetrate the hair without bending.

Abstain from using metal brushes, as they irritate the scalp and tear the hair.

Brush the hair always each lock separately, but from top to bottom, and make the brushing last until it becomes brilliant.

To sleep, divide your hair into small plaits, and braid, and let it hang down your back.

Never be in a hurry when dressing your hair, and never pull or tug at it.

Avoid a too uniform style of headdress, too strained and too tight, which prevents the air from penetrating to the scalp, as this often provokes falling out of the hair.

Avoid heavy head-dresses, the making up of which necessitates a great quantity of hair-pins and combs, as well as those coiffures which imprison the hair by tightening it.—Woman's Home Companion.

SCHOOL LUNCHEONS.

In some large private schools hot soup, cocoa, milk, and other things may be purchased—a most excellent arrangement, since a cold luncheon is decidedly conducive to dyspepsia—but since this is not to be found in every school, as soon as the child is old enough to be trusted she should be provided with an alcohol-lamp with a tin cup into which the lamp will fit and a small flask of alcohol; these may be kept in the desk, and the small bottle such as cream comes in, with the wired top, may be brought from home every morning with bouillon or beef tea or anything which is nourishing; many a delicate child will rapidly gain strength, simply from this addition to her luncheon.

Fruit must also be considered a necessity of the wholesome lunch, and even at the time when it is most expensive. However, it need not always be fresh, for a little jar of nice apple sauce, stewed figs or dates, or a peeled and baked apple will by no means be despised.

The last essential to the perfect luncheon is the surprise. Any one who, as a child, took her luncheon to school, will remember the delight with which she unearthed from the very bottom the bit of candy, the handful of nuts, the pieces of preserved ginger.—Harper's Bazar.

DAINTY HOUSE GOWNS.

House gowns are a whole chapter in themselves. This does not mean teagowns, be it understood, but gowns to wear in the house for afternoon or evening, or at the theatre. Such gowns are very necessary in these days when separate waists are not so fashionable as they were, and when it is the fashion to wear skirts and waists of one material. Nun's-veiling is about the cheapest and best material when economy has to be considered, and the light shades are extremely good. The trimming can be of lace dyed to match the nun's-veiling—not necessarily an expensive lace—or bands of silk or a band of silk embroidered with French knots, and then a chiffon yoke and undersleeves. Accordion-pleated gowns are not out of fashion, and nun's-veiling accordion-pleated makes a charmingly dainty frock for house wear, no matter what the color, provided it be light. White is always fashionable, and never more so than now. If all white is not becoming, narrow black velvet ribbons and rosettes with steel and rhinestone buckles make the gown exceedingly smart and very novel in effect. Trimming with bands of velvet ribbon exactly the same shade as the veiling is another dainty and effective fashion.—Harper's Bazar.

VELVET APPLIQUES ON FUR.

The gray squirrel retains its hold on our affections, though not first place. A deep pelerine of this fur with an ermine centre, and long heavy chenille fringe at the ends, gray to match is a novelty.

Many of the squirrel skins are made up into pelerines with the white portion used on the gray for trimming, the two mingling admirably together. Squirrel is being made up into auto coats, with black skunk collars. A pony sacque possibly is better able to withstand the dust and damp, for in the most pelting rain you cannot hold up umbrellas while going through the air at twenty miles an hour.

Beautiful and varied kinds of embroidery are being introduced on this year's new coats. Appliques of conventional flowers in velvet of the same shade as the musquash moleskin is often carried down the front of the loose sacques, the velvet outlined with a fine upstanding cord. This shows up well on the large turn-down collars and sleeves.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

A PRETTY GIRDLE.

A smart-looking dress accessory consists of a very wide bluish-pink girdle made of stitched satin bands. Sewed to the girdle in front is a deep buckle of cardboard or aluminum covered with pompadour ribbon in fawn color scattered with little pink rosebuds and green leaves. When this girdle is worn, the waist is finished with a stock of stitched satin bands like the girdle, only narrower and caught in front with a tiny pompadour-silk-covered buckle. Bands of the stitched satin held with a buckle can also be used as a sleeve-trimming. They may form the cuff of the sleeve or be used to hold the fullness in place just below the elbow. The buckle sets are also stylish in black moire silk thickly sprinkled with French knots in some pretty and bright color.—Grace Margaret Gould in the Woman's Home Companion.

KITCHEN'S UNDUE PROMINENCE.

The French, the best cooks in the world, perform their entire task within the area that is often given in this country, in a house of moderate size, to the china closet alone, for the American, following his English ancestor, has fallen into the habit of giving an undue amount of importance to the kitchen or service portion of the house. This tendency reacts upon itself, and it may be that the exaggerated importance given to the servant problem in this country is less unavoidable than the ordinary housewife supposes. If she could but once be brought to consider restricting the area now given to the kitchen and the closets connected with it might it not be found that the ordinary routine of household life would move along more easily and with less friction.—F. Chouteau Brown, in Good Housekeeping.

A FASHION FAD.

Though bangles are the fashion again, it is only the unusual bangle which the smart girl looks upon with favor. The latest bangle novelty is so surprising that it is worth hearing about. It is a narrow gold band decorated with the one thing in all the world you wouldn't think it would be—a most unpleasantly natural-looking little mouse. It is a gun-metal mouse, and it has a long gray tail, and little pearls for eyes. And girls are actually wearing this mouse bangle. Another fashionable and new bangle is a flat gold band representing in shape a leather belt which appears to be fastened with a gun-metal buckle. The bow-knot bangle is also pretty and new. It, too, is made of gold, and the gold bow is studded with turquoises —Grace Margaret Gould in the Woman's Home Companion.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION WITH HIGHER EDUCATION.

An effort is being made at Cambridge, England, to add to the higher education of women systematic religious instruction. English people have noted with something like alarm the freethinking tendencies displayed, by the higher educated woman after leaving Girton and Newnham. It is quite possible that it was with a view to counteract this effect of university training upon the English girl graduate that a short vacation term for Biblical study was held at Cambridge last summer. Lecturers who were specialists in their subjects were engaged, apart from the consideration of their personal religious position, and several well-known men delivered courses.

FRINGE THE FASHION.

Though fringe can date its popularity back some thousands of years, yet it is nevertheless one of the most fashionable trimmings to-day. Perhaps the modern smart girl has inherited her fondness for fringe Whether she has or whether she hasn't, she always appears glad to welcome it back into fashionable favor after it has been out of date for a time.

This autumn fringes of all sorts are the vogue—fine silk fringe, coarse cord fringe, jet fringe and cloth fringe. Fringe is used to give the touch that tells to the smart girl's ribbon neckties, as well as to her best cloth street-gown.—Woman' Home Companion.

Voile will not be confined to house wear.

Crepe de chine is ideal for indoor dresses.

Whole dresses are in some instances but a series of puffings.

Shirred shoulders, in many cases, continue down the sleeves.

Little plaitings are used in very many ways.

Heavy lace will be almost as popular as during the summer.

Buttons are among the exceedingly smart trimmings.

Cord effects are noticed on both dreses and hats.

Rich, silky, fibre braid trims many hats, matching that on the dress.

It is absurd for the woman who from choice or necessity moves energetically to choose a princesse dress.

HOUSEHOLD.

A GOOD NOURISHING DRINK.

Put into a pan four ounces of oat meal, six ounces of sugar and a lemon cut into slices; mix together with a little warm water, then add one gallon of boiling water, stir thoroughly and drink when quite cold.

SILK COVERED CLOTHES HANGERS.

Here is something quite new and also acceptable as presents, especially to men. The wooden or metal hanger has the disadvantage of rubbing against and wearing out the lining of coats and waists. This new idea consists in winding the wood with strips of soft silk or satin, or with ribbon in such a way to cover the entire surface without adding to its size. If this material be beyond your means linen, holland or sateen can be substituted with perfectly satisfactory results. A monogram can be embroidered by way of embellishment.

Many dress hangers are now made of aluminum and are very convenient to carry and handle. Others are of nickel, neither of which metals corrodes or injures the linings of the garments.—Grace Jones, in American Queen.

PREVENTS COLORS FROM RUNNING.

A tablespoonful of black pepper, an old laundress says, stirred into the first suds in which cottons are washed, will prevent colors from running. A handful of salt in a pailful of water makes a solution which fixes colors, but which is not sure to save from fading. Many persons use salt in preference to sugar of lead, the old standby, for such delicate tints as pinks, blues and lavenders. Five cents worth of sugar of lead crystals, dissolved in a pailful of water, makes a solution which will establish the tone. The fabric should remain in the salt or sugar of lead bath a half hour or so before going to the suds. These baths will not prevent a garment from fading if it is hung in the sun to dry. Delicate colors, in fact any colors at all, are safe if dried in the house. Alum water is a sure fixitive, but it "sets" grime as well as hue.

CUSHIONS FOR THE FLOOR.

Large floor cushions are as convenient as they are ornamental. Their manufacture and arrangement admit of much variety of taste, and they are not difficult to evolve out of homely materials. Even common sacking and the ever present excelsior can be pressed into service. For fall days, the warm suns and cool airs of September, that invite one out of doors and then surprise one with the dampness of the ground and the coldness of the veranda steps, there is no comfort like the thick, firmly made floor cushion for a country house. The usual size is 27 by 36 inches. They may be simply stuffed, tufted or untufted, or even fitted with springs.

For the first named sort cut two pieces of stout, unbleached sheeting the desired size, and set in a piece four inches wide for sides, just as a mattress is made. Put in the filling, hair, cotton, excelsior, sawdust, or even shredded corn husks, using an upholsterer's needle and cord. Then comes the outside cover, which may, of course, be of anything desired—cretonne, velour, Bagdad squares, which come for the purpose, flexible matting carpet, bright cloths or flannels.

RECIPES.

Rice Waffles.—To one cupful of cold boiled rice add one cupful of flour; beat one egg; add to it half a cupful of milk; pour this over the rice and flour and beat well; add one level teaspoonful of butter (melted), one level teaspoonful of baking powder and half a teaspoonful of salt; beat well and bake in a well greased waffle iron; sour milk may be used in place of sweet milk; in that case omit the baking powder and use one level teaspoonful of baking soda.

Orange Puffs.—Put one cupful of water in a saucepan with two rounding teaspoonfuls of butter; when melted stir in quickly one cupful of flour and cook to a thick smooth paste; take from the fire, and when slightly cooled stir in the yolks of four eggs, the grated rind of one orange, two tablespoonfuls of orange juice and the whites of the eggs beaten stiff, fill well greased custard cups two-thirds full and bake in moderately quick oven half an hour, serve with liquid sauce.

Squash Biscuit. — Boil summer squash until tender; drain very thoroughly and press through a strainer; add to it two eggs, well beaten, one fourth cup of sugar and four tablespoonfuls of milk; flavor with lemon rind or vanilla; line a pie dish with a good plain paste; pour in the custard and bake thirty minutes.

Tomato Pickles.—One peck of green tomatoes sliced, six large onions sliced; mix these and sprinkle with one cupful of salt and pour over water to cover, let them stand over night; in the morning drain thoroughly; put four quarts of vinegar, two pounds of brown sugar, half a pound of white mustard seed, two tablespoonfuls of allspice, the same of cinnamon, cloves, ginger and ground mustard over the fire, add the tomatoes and boil until tender; fill jars and seal.

Scotland not only leads in pure-bred cattle, but by daily quotations on the London market leads on prime beef likewise.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

A London paper gives away the secret that Irishwomen's native shawls are wholly made in Scotland.

There is a preacher in Emporia, Kan., who is probably listening sharply for a call now. He asked the woman in his congregation on a recent Sunday to "please remove what they called their hats."

The New York Tribune speaks of Henry Irving as "this great actor standing at the head of his profession and without a peer in any language or any land."

A story comes from the Philippines to the effect that the American troops attempted to make breastworks of sugar bales one rainy day, whereupon the sugar dissolved and ran out of the bales and stuck to the brave defenders. This proves that noble as the example of Andrew Jackson at New Orleans may have been, it does not do to imitate him without the suitable properties at hand.

Attention is editorially directed in the Western Electrician to the fact that in Indiana the telegraph companies admit, in making a plea for reduced taxation, that the multiplication of the telephone has materially depreciated the value of their plant and equipment. On the other hand telephone property is constantly enhancing in value.

Grover Cleveland boldly defies those critics who "jeer and deride" him for "spending so much time fishing." He declares: "I go fishing because I like it, and I hope that I will continue to go fishing until as near the end of the chapter as possible." Spoken like a true American citizen and a true disciple of Izaak Walton! The right to go a-fishing when he can and to fish as long as he likes is pretty nearly as unalienable as any of those enumerated in the great Declaration.

It in mentioned by a Western newspaper, as an actual occurrence, according to the Electrical World, that a farmer's wife in the locality, wishing to visit a neighbor, pulled the baby's crib up in front of the telephone, opened the receiver and requested Central in case the baby began to cry, to call her up on the neighbor's 'phone. The fact that in the West almost every house of any pretension, and every corner grocery store and candy shop, has its telephone, lends plausibility to the tale.

Cheap labor in Italy at the quarries near Carraa and cheap freights have revolutionized the important craft in tombstones which formerly employed many thousands of marble cutters in England and Ireland. Marble used to be imported from Italy in the rough and plenty of stonecutters were employed to chisel tombstones for England. Formerly the gray, green, and black marbles of Ireland were worked up by Irish carvers, but now the Italian product can be imported so cheaply in a finished state that the workmen have turned to other trades. The Trades Council of Dublin complains that Italian marble work is sold to patriotic Irishmen as Irish manufacture. Monumental work in the British Islands has greatly declined under this severe competition.

What the Springfield Republican calls "an excellent suggestion," is made by one of the old boys of 1851 that the America's cup should now be retired from competition and put in the national museum at Washington, "along with the sword of Washington and the medals of Grant and the Declaration and the flags captured in the war of 1812." The proponent thinks that if any deed of trust stands in the way, an act of Congress might be produced to retire the cup, and so leave the newer generation free to establish a new contest, if desired. As it really does seem that the superiority of the American racing machine is now demonstrated, why is this not a good plan? It would leave the field open for a new match on the lines Sir Thomas Lipton, that admirable sportsman, has indicated—of true, serviceable, seagoing schooners. Such a contest would well be worth while. It would be wholly valuable in developing the most beautiful sailing vessel in the world—the American schooner

In an article on the "Education of Girls as Future Wives and Mothers," Mrs. Theodore W. Birney describes a practical and very suggestive plan which was adopted by one mother in the instruction of her own children and some little friends of theirs. She has organized a club to which she will give a portion of every Saturday, for the instruction of the youthful members in cookery and other house-wifely duties. To lay the foundation for a thorough training in matters that pertain to wifehood and motherhood, each little girl will be given a doll, presumably a few days old, which she will be taught to bathe and dress, and to do the hundred and one other little things necessary in the care of infants. The members of the club will follow the babies through the various sicknesses to which young children sometimes succumb, and as the imaginary baby grows older an interesting feature will be the introduction of questions of obedience and punishment, etc.

HARD TO BEAR.

J. W. Walls, Superintendent of Streets of Lebanon, Ky., living on East Main street, in that city, says:

"With my nightly rest broken, owing to irregularities of the kidneys, suffering intensely from severe pains in the small of my back and through the kidneys and annoyed by painful passages of abnormal secretions, life was anything but pleasant for me. No amount of doctoring relieved this condition, and for the reason that nothing seemed to give me even temporary relief I became about discouraged. One day I noticed in the newspapers the case of a man who was afflicted as I was and was cured by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. His words of praise for this remedy were so sincere that on the strength of his statement I went to the Hugh Murrey Drug Co.'s store and got a box. I found that the medicine was exactly as powerful a kidney remedy as represented. I experienced quick and lasting relief. Doan's Kidney Pills will prove a blessing to all sufferers from kidney disorders who will give them a fair trial."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine, which cured Mr. Walls, will be mailed to any part of the United States on application. Address Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

A Good Alibi.

"You say," said the State's attorney, "that on the night of the 15th of September, the time when this crime was committed, you were out riding in the town of Oakville?"

"Yes, sir," said the prisoner, who was trying to set up an alibi.

"Have you any witnesses to prove that you were out riding?"

"Well, I don't know their names, but there must have been ten or twelve gentlemen carrying the rail, while there were a dozen or more walking behind, carrying the tar and feathers."

The Framing of It.

"I see there's talk of some members of the legislature framing a new trolley bill," remarked the inquisite youth.

"Yes," replied his father.

"How is a trolley bill framed, anyway?"

"In guilt, usually."

Dizzy?

Appetite poor? Bowels constipated? Tongue coated? Head ache? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills, all vegetable. Sold for sixty years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

365 Days of Sunshine will Make a Year

ON RAINY DAYS WEAR TOWER'S FISH BRAND Waterproof OILED CLOTHING

BLACK or YELLOW.

IT MAKES EVERY DAY COUNT no matter how wet the weather.

Every garment guaranteed. Ask your dealer. If he will not supply you, send for price list of Slickers, Suits, Hats, Horse Covers, and Wagon Boots. 203

A. J. Tower Co. Boston, Mass. U.S.A. Tower Canadian Co. Limited Toronto, Can.

SOFT, SILKY HAIR

COMES WHEN YOU USE Carpenter's OX MARROW POMADE

(BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.)

Rub it into the scalp thoroughly once a week and it will work wonders. Keeps the hair from falling out and cures dandruff, too. Better than any hair oil or tonic.

PRICE, 25 CENTS.

At your druggist's, or by mail.

Address, CARPENTER & CO., Louisville, Ky.

PATENTS, TRADE-MARKS AND PENSIONS. Are You Interested? Millions of dollars have been made out of Patents and Trade-Marks. Millions of dollars are appropriated to pay pensions. 30 years practice. For information and literature, FREE, write to THE W. H. WILLS COMPANY, Wills Building, 317 Ind. Ave., Washington, D. C.

ASTHMA

TAYLOR'S ASTHMA REMEDY will cure any case of Asthma by persistent use. Regular size box, by mail, 35c.; three for $1.00. I. Taylor & Co., Green Cove Springs, Fla.

Wanted Agents

for our Prepared Roofings, Paints, Varnish, &c. Elegant side-line for salesmen. Good commission or salary. Write for samples, prices, contract, etc. ARMITAGE MANUFACTURING CO., Richmond, Va.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

These patents were granted Pennsylvanians:—Norval T. Anderson, Pittsburg, switch throwing mechanism; Jacob B. Beam, Big Run, oil can, also steam boiler; William L. Bett, Petroleum Center, standing valve for pumps; James F. Cravon, Pittsburg, ice cream dipper, also machine for making expanded metal; Jonah E. Davis, Lindsey, rail joint; John Doorenbos, Allegheny, burner tip; John R. Flinn, Johnstown, curb box and cock support; Joseph D. Forrer, Johnstown, circuit breaker; Nicklas Franzen, Allegheny, manufacturing wire glass; George W. Frazier, Allegheny, electrolytic water purifier; Herbert K. Hithcock, Walston, annealing glass sheets or plates; William L. Kann, Pittsburg, slab or plate; William J. Knox, Allegheny, car truck; Charles M. Lamb, Monessen, wire splice and producing same; Michael P. Link, Bennett, ice spur or creeper; Clyde R. Linn, New Brighton, siphon; Paul Luther, Allegheny, car coupling; Allen J. Morace, Pittsburg, spirit level; Peter Patterson, McKeesport, seamless tube drawing mechanism; William Platt, Allegheny, door step; William F. Soety, Erie, folding carpenters' and joiners' jack; Herbert Stevens, Windber, and B. Gellatty Pittsburg, wire suspending device; William A. Strouss, Bellevue, and S. S Lawson, Avalon, tile machine; Charles E. Thiebaud, Duquesne, swivel stand for lathe chucks; Clayton L. Wilson Munhall, metallic pole.

Frank Lane, a young farmer living near Ellsworth, was held up and robbed by two highwaymen. Lane resisted and was knocked down with the butt end of a revolver and robbed of $5c and a gold watch. Lane was driving toward Washington with two horses and had reached Strababnt village when in a dark spot in the road two masked men sprang out from ambush. One seized his horses while the other covered Lane with a revolver. Lane attempted to get away from the men when he was struck on the head and rendered unconscious.

The rectory of the Media Catholic Church, with the contents of the second and third stories, was destroyed by fire and Rev. Francis A. Brady, rector of the church; his cousin Edward Smith, of New York, and the housekeeper had narrow escapes. They were awakened shortly before 2 o'clock by the crackling of the flames. Smith jumped from the third-story window. He alighted on the porch of the first story and then jumped to the ground. Dr. Charles Schoff, who was called to attend him, found that he was badly burned about the hands and arms and injured otherwise by the fall. Father Brady and his housekeeper were compelled to leave the burning building in their night clothing. The loss will amount to over $10,000.

District President John Fahey, a member of the Mine Conciliation Board, issued a statement calling the attention of President Cassatt, of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, to a blacklist, he says, has been established at the company's collieries in Dauphin county. Mr. Fahey cites instances where men who have worked for that company over thirty years have been refused re-employment since the strike and others employed in their places. The company officials say there has been no discrimination.

The national bank of Doylestown has resumed business with more than $500,000 available cash. Anticipating an unusual demand under the circumstances, the officials of the reorganized institution have provided against every emergency. There was nothing like a run on the bank. The number of depositors who withdrew their accounts was small.

Frank Farling and Daniel Hoffnagle, boys of Penbrook, went hunting and separated, going through the underbrush. Hoffnagle saw a bush move and thinking it was a squirrel fired at it. A loud yell came from Farling, who was peppered in the arms and legs with shot and painfully hurt.

As Postmaster H. G. Smith, of West Chester, was riding his fox hunter, Curtis Keech, 12 years old, on a bicycle ran into the steed. Instantly the animal reared up and came down with his feet on the boy, breaking his thigh. This boy was bitten by a mad dog a few weeks ago.

The rod, wire and galvanizing mills of the Rankin plant of the American Steel and Wire Company have shut down for a couple of weeks for repairs and also extensive improvements to the machinery. It is stated the plant will resume as soon as the repairs and changes are made. The wire-drawing, nail and several other mills are still in operation.

Thieves forced an entrance into the house of Mrs. Anna Barbey Seitzinger, in the fashionable portion of Reading and carried away two caskets containing diamonds, rings, bracelets and necklaces valued at over $4000 and interest-bearing coupons to the value of at least $1500. Mrs. Seitzinger was absent from home at the time.

John J. Heyer, a wealthy farmer, living near Moorestown, was found dead on the threshing floor of his barn with a bullet hole in his head. A pistol lay at his side. The theory advanced is suicide.

For gunning without a license, Salvatore Delcano was fined $25 and costs at Norristown. Delcano had shot ten robins and for these he was fined $5 each and costs. As he was unable to pay the $85 for his combined offenses he was sent to jail for eighty-five days.

Nine hundred teachers were in attendance at the opening of the forty-first annual session of the Schuylkill County Teachers' Institute at Pottsville. Addresses of welcome were given by Chief Burgess George J. Smith, of Pottsville, and W. F. Scheerer.

A son of Jacob Hunt, of Courtdale, died several months ago and the father took the loss much to heart. A week ago, late at night, while he was on his way home, he saw, he says, the figure of a man in front of him which, although he tried to overtake it, remained some distance ahead and walked to his house. At the gate it disappeared. Hunt was surprised when a minute later he reached the house to find no one had entered. Since then he says he has seen what he believes is the apparition several times and he thinks it is a sort of warning from his dead son.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

Bradstreet's says of the state of trade: "Trade conditions are still irregular. Business is of fair volume, but not so active as a year ago, partly because of the backward season, heavy rains interfering with crop movement, and collections; vexatious labor troubles, past and present, discouraging building operations, and the spread of the conservative feeling among buyers, based upon stock market liquidation and the feeling that high prices of many products will tend, if it has not already done so, to automatically check consumption.

"Many underlying conditions are however, still favorable. First in importance should be reckoned the decidedly better tone of advices from the corn crop, which has developed a larger yield and a better quality than was earlier deemed possible. Lower prices for this and other cereals and for cotton, whose yield will be smaller than seemed probable a month ago, seem likely to help our backward export trade in those products and improve the foreign exchange outlook.

"Failures this week numbered 239 in the United States, against 245 last year and 17 in Canada, compared with 21 a year ago."

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Flour—Spring clear, $3.80@4.00; best Patent $5.00; choice Family $4.25.

Wheat—New York No. 2, 84½c Philadelphia No. 2, 78¾@79c; Baltimore No. 2 80c.

Corn—New York, No. 2, 53c; Philadelphia No. 2, 50¾@51c; Baltimore No. 2, 52c.

Oats—New York No. 2, 41½c; Philadelphia No. 2, 42½c; Baltimore No. 2 42½c.

Green Fruits and Vegetables.—Apples—Maryland and Virginia, per brl fancy —@$1.00; do, fair to good, 75@90c; Western Maryland and Pennsylvania, packed, per brl $1.00@1.50; do New York, assorted, per brl $1.50@2.75 Beets—Native, per bunch 1½@2c. Cabbage—Native, per 100 $3.00@3.50; do New York State, per ton $14.00@15.00 Cauliflower—New York, per brl $2.00@2.50. Cranberries—Cape Cod, per bl $6.50@7.00; do, per box $1.75@2.00 Celery—New York State, per dozen 20@40c; do, Michigan, per dozen 15@30. Carrots—Native, per bunch 1@1½c. Corn—Native, per dozen, field 8@12c; do, per dozen, sugar, 15@20c Crabapples—New York, per brl $3.50@4.00. Eggplants—Native, per 100 $2.00@2.50. Grapes—Concords, per 5-lb basket 11@12c; do, Niagara, do, 14@15c; do, Delaware, do, 18@20c; do, New York, black, per basket 12@14. Lettuce—Native, per bushel box 25@30c Lima beans—Native, per bushel box $1.50@1.75. Onions—Maryland and Pennsylvania, yellow, per bu 60@65c do, Western white, per bu 70@75c Peaches—Mountain, yellows, per box $1.50@2.25; do, do, per carrier $2.00@2.50. Pears—Eastern Shore, Duchess per basket 20@30c; do, do, per box 3 @40c; do, do, Kieffer, per basket 20@25c; do, New York, Bartlett, per bl $3.50@5.00. Pumpkins—Native, each 2½@3c. Quinces—New York State per brl $3.50@4.50. String beans—Anne Arundel, per bu, green, 40@50c. Tomatoes—Anne Arundel, per ½-basket 15@20c; do, measured bushel 30@35; do Eastern Shore, Maryland, per peach box 25@30; do, do, per basket 10@12c do, Rappahannock, per basket 10@12c do, Eastern Shore, Virginia, per basket 10@12c Turnips—Native, per bushel box 35@40c.

Hides.—Heavy steers, association and salters, late kill, 50 lbs and up, close selections, 9¼@10¼c; cows and light steers, 8@9.

Potatoes.—White—Native, per bushel box 50@55c; do, Maryland and Pennsylvania, prime per bu 50@60c; do, New York prime, per bu 55@60c. Sweets—Maryland and Virginia, per brl $1.40@1.50. Yams—Virginia, per brl —@$1.25; do, Potomac, Maryland, per br —@$1.25.

Provisions and Hog Products.—Bull clear rib sides, 10c; bulk clear sides 10½; bulk shoulders, 9; clear sides, 11; bacon shoulders, 9¾; sugar-cured shoulders, blade-cut, 10; sugar-cured California hams, 8; canvased and uncanvased hams, 12 lbs and over, 15; refined lard, second-hand tubs, 10; refined lard half-barrels and new tubs, 10.

Live Poultry.—Chickens—Hens, per lb —@15½c; do, old roosters, each 25@30; do, young, large, per lb —@14½ do, young, small, fat, per lb —@15 Ducks—Puddle, per lb 11@12c; do Muscovy and mongrel, per lb 10@11.

Eggs.—Maryland and Pennsylvania per dozen, loss off, —@24c; Virginia per dozen 23@24; West Virginia, per dozen, loss off, 22@23.

Butter—Separator, 22@23; Gathered Cream, 20@21; Imitations, —@19.

Live Stock.

Chicago.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, $5.10@5.85; poor to medium $3.50@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.00; cows, $1.40@4.60; heifers $2.00@5.30; canners, $1.40@4.50; bulls, $2.00@4.35; calves, $3.50@7.50; Texas fed steers, $2.75@3.25; Western steers $3.00@4.50. Hogs—Mixed and butchers' $5.15@5.85; good to choice heavy $5.10@5.50; rough heavy, $1.75@5.10; light, $5.25@5.80; bulk of sales, $5.10@5.50. Sheep—Sheep steady; lambs steady to 10c lower; good to choice wethers, $3.35@4.00; fair to choice mixed, $2.25@3.25; native lambs, $3.50@5.65.

Herrs Island—Cattle slow; choice $5.20@5.50; prime, $4.95@5.10; fair $3.40@3.90. Hogs lower; prime, heavy, $5.90@6.00; mediums, $6.10@6.15; heavy Yorkers, $6.00@6.10; light Yorkers $5.85@6.00, pigs, $5.50@5.65; roughs, $4.00@5.40. Sheep steady; prime wethers, $3.85@4.00.

INDUSTRIAL AND SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

Emperor Menelik, of Abyssinia, it is stated, is establishing a complete telegraphic and telephonic system in that country.

Commerce between the United States and Russia during the last fiscal year greatly surpassed that of any previous year.

The peon child of Mexico may now pass from his letters to the highest diploma entirely at government expense, and the government hopes shortly to make education compulsory.

SHOCK CURE FOR DRUNKENNESS

How One Man Was Cured of All Desire for Liquor.

Jones, in spite of being a really kindly, honest fellow, with a loving wife, a cozy home and a flourishing young family, was rapidly becoming a slave to drink. Night after night he went home in a state which made his little wife heartsick, until she with a woman's ready wit, devised a scheme and with the aid of the family physician gave Jones such a shock that he probably never will drink again.

Like many other men, Jones usually lost all recollection of his actions after he had reached a certain period of intoxication. When, five or six weeks ago, he arrived at his home in a fit state for the experiment, his wife had him put to bed. As he lay there, dead to the world, the doctor put his right leg into a casing of plaster of paris and splints, taking care to bind them so tightly that when Jones recovered consciousness all sense of feeling would have left the limb.

It was a pathetic scene, mixed with grim humor, when Jones awoke the next day, and was told that in trying to find the keyhole he had fallen down the area and broken his leg. His remorse was augmented by the pressure on his leg which the doctor took pains to keep alive at each successive dressing, and by the time that Jones had been in bed a month all desire for stimulants had left him.

It is not likely he will drink to excess again, but is he reads this story of his loving wife's new cure for the alcoholic habit he will surely drop that limp which he now affects during his daily walk down Broadway.—New York Press.

NO NEED OF OFFICERS.

Dead Man's Friends Had Satisfied Ends of Justice.

John Fox, Jr., author of Kentucky mountaineer stories, and a Blue Grass man himself, was talking about the reign of lawlessness in the mountains of that state.

"I remember," he said, "the case of a man in a town where I lectured one time only, who shot a man in cold blood from behind a fence, and the authorities didn't do a thing with him."

"That's the trouble down there," responded an indignant listener. "The authorities seem to wink at that kind of killing. Did they know all the facts in this case?"

"Of course; but that didn't seem to make any difference."

"Well, I don't see why they didn't punish the murderer."

"They weren't altogether to blame," said Mr. Fox, rather apologetically.

"They must have been," contended the listener, still indignant.

"No," persisted Mr. Fox, "they were not. You see, the other man's friends caught the assassin before he got out of town and shot him so full of holes the grand jury didn't think it worth while to bother with the remains."

"Oh!" exclaimed the listener.—New York Times.

Craved Salmon and Oregon Water.

Many Oregonians were inclined to laugh at the Missouri woman mentioned a short time ago who insisted on going back to her native state because there were no catfish in Oregon. It appears, however, that Oregon women are as whimsical as Missouri women, as a citizen who has two sons practicing law in Brooklyn, N. Y., and doing very well went on there with his wife to visit them a short time ago, and at her desire left her there. She thought she could look after the boys and enjoy life in the East, but she has quite unexpectedly returned home. When asked why she did not remain in Brooklyn, as arranged, she said such a craving came over her for a slice of Chinook salmon and a drink of Bull Run water that it seemed as if she could not live without them, so she came back.—Portland Oregonian.

An Encouraging Sign.

Two retired tradesmen, residing in the country, were discussing matters generally, when one asked:

"How is your son doing in the city?"

"Oh, he doesn't say much about his business," was the reply, "but he writes me that's he's got a lot of friends."

"That's very encouraging," remarked the other, "for it shows that he hasn't had to borrow money yet!"

Driving Him to It.

"Aren't you afraid that after we are married you'll get tired of me?"

"Never!"

"Sometimes when I'm cross or petulant I fear you will get tired of me."

"No; I won't ever."

"Sometimes, perhaps, when meals are late, you'll get tired of me—won't you?"

"Aw, you make me tired. You know I won't."

CURES RHEUMATISM AND CATARRH.

B.B.B. Cures Deep-Seated Cases Especially —To Prove It B. B. B. Sent Free.

These diseases, with aches and pains in bones, joints and back, agonizing pains in shoulder blades, hands, fingers, arms and legs crippled by rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, or neuralgia; hawking, spitting, nose bleeding, ringing in the ears, sick stomach, deafness, noise in the head, bad teeth, thin hot blood, all run down feeling or catarrh are sure signs of an awful poisoned condition of the blood. Take Botanic Blood Balm (B.B.B.) Soon all aches and pains stop, the poison is destroyed and a real permanent cure is made of the worst rheumatism or foulest catarrh. Thousands of cases cured by taking B.B.B. It strengthens weak kidneys and improves digestion. Druggists, $1 per large bottle. Sample free by writing BLOOD BALM CO., 54 Balm Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice sent in sealed letter.

European Russia has a less percentage of forest than the United States.

Good Enough Reason.

"Lillian is not sure that she loves Walter. Sometimes she thinks she does and at other times she's convinced she doesn't."

"And yet she's going to marry him?"

"Oh, yes—that's all settled."

"But if she is not sure she loves him why doesn't she break the engagement?"

"Because she's twenty-seven."

Greek Meets Greek.

"Well, well!" exclaimed the wise guy at the county fair, as the sure-thing man raked in the old farmer's last cent and hurriedly disappeared, "Didn't you know that fellow was a robber?"

"But he ain't got none th' best uv me, by hen!" rejoined the rural denizen. "I got every blamed cent uv that air money from city boarders, b'gosh!"

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

A copy of Hawthorne's rarest book, "Fanshawe," was sold in Boston recently for $650.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

The lion is the only wild animal that is capable of affection.

You can do your dyeing in half an hour with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

A sunflower sucks up 145 pounds of water during its growth.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

The manufacture of artificial camphor by electrolysis is now assured.

Catarrh cured at home. Three preparations in one package. Ask your dealer for "Dr. Hartley's Great Remedy." Be sure you get it.

A Peer Clockmaker.

Lord Grimthorpe, the designer of "Big Ben," though nearly ninety, still retains his skill as a scientific horologist. A chimney clock designed by him is being erected on the tower of the parish church at Beckingham, near Gainsborough.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss. LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY make oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. SEAL. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A Coveted Post.

At a meeting of the Wandsworth Guardians applications were received from no fewer than 1170 persons for the post of messenger at a salary of thirty shillings a week, with three shillings a week extra allowance for Sunday work.—London Tit-Bits.

Actions may speak louder than words, but money often talks louder than either.

Gray?

"My hair was falling out and turning gray very fast. But your Hair Vigor stopped the falling and restored the natural color."—Mrs. E. Z. Benomme, Cohoes, N. Y.

It's impossible for you not to look old, with the color of seventy years in your hair! Perhaps you are seventy, and you like your gray hair! If not, use Ayer's Hair Vigor. In less than a month your gray hair will have all the dark, rich color of youth.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3 SHOES UNION MADE.

You can save from $3 to $5 yearly by wearing W. L. Douglas $3.50 or $3 shoes.

They equal those that have been costing you from $4.00 to $5.00. The immense sale of W. L. Douglas shoes proves their superiority over all other makes.

Sold by retail shoe dealers everywhere. Look for name and price on bottom.

That Douglas uses Corona Colt proves there is value in Douglas shoes. Corona is the highest grade Pat. Leather made. Four Color Eyelets used. Our $4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra. Illustrated Catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

RIPANS TABULES

Ripans Tabules are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Every illness arising from a disordered stomach is relieved or cured by their use. So common is it that diseases originate from the stomach it may be safely asserted there is no condition of ill health that will not be benefited or cured by the occasional use of Ripans Tabules. Physicians know them and speak highly of them. All druggists sell them. The five-cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion, and the Family Bottle, sixty cents, contains a household supply for a year. One generally gives relief within twenty minutes.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT PAYS

THROW YOUR CRUTCHES AWAY!

Rheumacide CURES.

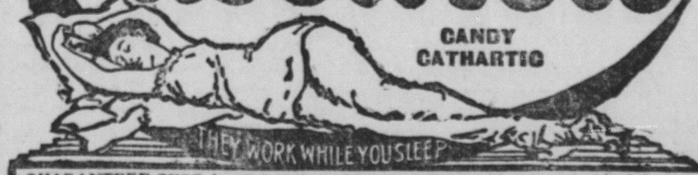
Not mere temporary relief. It cleans out of the blood all the uric and lactic acids that cause RHEUMATISM, goes right down to the cause and removes it. "Better health than ever before," writes Mrs. J. C. stack, of Winston, N. C., who was a terrible sufferer for six years. Wm. A. Taylor, 848½ W. Lombard St., Baltimore, and many others give the same testimony. Trial bottle free. BOBBITT CHEMICAL CO., Baltimore.

Rheumacide Rheumacide Rheumacide Rheumacide

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC



GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

Sick, Nervous AND Neuralgic Headaches

QUICKLY CURED BY BROMO SELTZER

SOLD EVERYWHERE. 10¢

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1903.

Everybody's Shoes Are Here . . . .

Every kind of Boot and Shoe for everybody—men, women, children and the babies, and for every business, every dress and every sport and pastime use. Whether you walk or ride play golf or ball, whether you fish or hunt, dance or go a-bicycling, or whether you like to be dressed up and keep so, we have Shoes for all these uses and for all these purposes.

Our Boots and Shoes are the very best, and our prices the very least.

Agent for W. L. Douglas' $3.00 and $3.50 Shoe for Men, and Queen Quality the famous $3.00 Shoe for Women.

If you want correct Footwear, come to headquarters for it.

Mingle's Shoe Store,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Reformed—Tusseyville, morning, communion; Centre Hall, afternoon.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning, communion. Preparatory service, Saturday 2:30 p. m. Spring Mills, afternoon.

Lutheran—Centre Hall, morning, communion; Georges Valley, afternoon; Union, evening.

Lou Dillon—1.58 1-2.

Lou Dillon established a new world's record at Memphis by trotting a mile in one minute fifty-eight and one-half seconds.

Bears Come in Bunches.

Four bears were seen and one killed in John Smith's field, near Lamar station in Porter township Wednesday of last week. The remaining three escaped to the mountain, south of the village.

Purchased a Farm.

Dr. L. E. Kidder, of Boalsburg, Centre county, purchased the Mary Jackson farm, near Saulsburg, Wednesday of last week for $2500. This information is gained from the Huntingdon Semi-Weekly News.

Hallow-een.

Saturday night is Hallow-een on which evening the popular idea is, among youngsters, that some mischief must be done. Nuisances committed on that evening are no less nuisances, and should be discountenanced by parents.

Manns Buy Axe Works.

Negotiations were completed recently by which the Mann Edge Tool company of Lewistown has secured an option on the large axe manufacturing works of the American Axe & Tool company at Mill Hall. The option lasts until January 1, 1904, at which time the local company expects to take possession of the new plant and run it in conjunction with the one at Lewistown.

The Pumpkin.

The pumpkin crop is a large one, and since the feeding of them to hogs, cows and horses is about to begin it may be well to recite the fact that pumpkin seeds are entirely harmless to any kind of stock if fed with the pumpkin, but separated from the pumpkin and fed to cattle, the result might be of some evil. The most careful investigations prove that pumpkins and their seeds may be safely fed at the same time.

Go To The Polls.

The fact that the state campaign is being conducted in a quiet manner by both political parties should not be taken as indicating a state of apathy in the several counties. In each county there are special reasons why the voters should take a deep interest in the coming election. In Centre county the Democrats are urged to go to the polls on November 3 and vote the straight Democratic state and county tickets because every candidate on those tickets is worthy of the support of the voters, and because every Democrat, by his vote, should indorse the action of the Democratic state convention in promulgating those issues which stand for true Democratic principles.

Huntingdon County the First.

Huntingdon county is the first to begin the construction of road building under the Sproul road law. A section 2800 feet in length will be built at Smithfield. The surveys have been made and specifications approved by the Highway Department, and it is the intention of the local authorities to complete the road as soon as possible.

Surveys for roads under the new law are being made in Northumberland county, near Shamokin Dam, and also in Beaver and Crawford counties, and one of these three counties will be the next to receive its share of the State appropriation.

Write Grant Hoover for prices on Insurance.

FARMERS MOVING.

A Few Moves Among the Tillers of the Soil Booked for Spring.

Farms are in better demand this year than for the past few years. At one time farms were in the hunt of farmers, today farmers are seeking farms. This condition is brought about by the fact that many men are being thrown out of employment in the large cities, which deters the ruralite from casting his lot with the thousands who today are uncertain whether their services are needed tomorrow; whether their next pay envelope will contain cash for full, half or quarter time.

On the farm it is different. With the same energy put forth on the farm that is required to hold a position with the large corporations, one may reasonably expect to pay the expenses of a comfortable living, with wholesome food and better environments thrown in. Besides all this, the man on the farm—tenant or owner—is independently independent compared with the employe at the desk, in the shop, in the store, in the mill, anywhere.

Among the changes of tenants that recently came under the observation of the writer are these :

Sydney Poorman, of Linden Hall, who at present lives on the Kimport farm owned by Jacob Bottorf, will succeed Elmer Ishler as tenant on the Ed. Stump farm, east of Centre Hall, owned by Mrs. Rebecca Sparr, of Boalsburg.

Elmer Ishler will move to the H. P. Sankey farm, Potters Mills. A vacancy on that farm is occasioned by Marcellus Sankey quitting the farm.

Harvey Mark will occupy the Huston farm, recently purchased by D. K. Keller.

Arthur Slutterbeck, who for some time farmed the Jacob Strohm farm, near Tusseyville, will move to the Levi Stump farm, also near that place, which is the property of Tax Collector J. B. Spangler.

Emanuel Zeigler, of Farmers Mills, who last spring quit farming on the Van Tries farm, near Linden Hall, will succeed Mr. Slutterbeck.

Adam Neese, who for two years was tenant on the farm of Samuel Bruss, east of Centre Hall, will move to Snyder county, but will continue tilling the soil.

LOCALS.

Progress Grange will give its annual Thanksgiving supper.

Sheriff H. S. Taylor was in town early Monday morning on business.

J. W. Mitterling Tuesday shipped a car load of milch cows to the eastern markets.

Mrs. Mary A. Slack, of Colyer, in another column advertises her farm for sale or rent.

Mrs. G. W. McIlnay, of Spring Mills, Friday returned from a two weeks' visit to her home in Fulton.

Cresceus, the famous pacer, was in a railroad wreck while passing through Oklahoma Territory on his way to San Francisco. It is feared the horse will be lame.

Miss Orpha Gramley and little brother, of Spring Mills, were in town Saturday. Miss Gramley is a school teacher and is abundantly qualified to fill the position.

Mrs. W. Keller, of Munson Station, Clearfield county, spent Saturday and Sunday at the M. E. parsonage in Spring Mills, the guest of Rev. and Mrs. G. W. McIlnay.

For a double of Joe Jefferson, the veteran Rip Van Winkle, take a peep at C. C. Cummings, of Spring Mills. The fat on the ribs of both is sparse. There are many similarities.

Levi Stump, of near Tusseyville, will quit farming next spring, owing to his advanced age. He is reported to have one of the best corn crops in that locality. The number of bushels is estimated at three thousand.

Samuel Slack was a caller Monday, having come to town on business. Mr. Slack states that it is his intention to move from the farm provided the place can be sold or rented. He has been a sufferer from rheumatism, and is unable to do work demanded of a farmer.

Lycurgus Lingle, of Earlystown, disposed of the wind pump that for a number of years was useless to him because of the unfaithfulness of the well over which it stood, to William Lee, of Colyer. Samuel Shoop took down the structure and again set it up for Mr. Lee.

John E. Swarm, formerly of Centre Hall and Spring Mills, but now a resident of Williamsport, where he is employed in the W. D. Crooks planing mill, was in town Saturday. His sister, Mrs. Mary Amanda Bolander, of Selinsgrove, was also an arrival on the same train and was met by contractor William Bilger, of Pleasant Gap, who is a relative, and taken to his home for a brief visit.

A hunting party from Centre Hall and vicinity Saturday will go to the Seven Mountains to take their annual deer hunt. In the party is Dr. James Hosterman, of Ford City, Pa., son of A. P. Hosterman, of Centre Hill. The doctor has been exceedingly liberal, as on a past occasion he presented the party with much material that goes to make up the accoutrements of a well equipped hunting party.

PUT HUNTERS TO ROUT.

Load of Shot Fired Into Mountain Family Enrages Cubs and All.

While Krebs Stewart and Peter Kimmel were hunting grouse Saturday in the vicinity of Bear Rocks, in the Alleghenies, north of Altoona, they encountered a group of five bears, a male and a female and three cubs. In his excitement Stewart fired both barrels of a shotgun into the family, slightly wounding all.

Before Kimmel could load up with buckshot the entire bruin family was after the two hunters with blood in their eyes. As Kimmel and Stewart retreated the male and female bears trailed them half a mile down the mountain before they abandoned the chase.

The cubs, which were almost full grown, were heading the stern chase the last time the hunters looked back.

What would you have done?

Sportsmen Lease Big Mountain Tract.

A party of sportsmen from Huntingdon have obtained a lease on four hundred acres of wood and mountain land, between Stoney Ridge and Rock Mountains, in Menno township, Mifflin county, from which they have barred all pot-hunters and reserved the exclusive right to hunt. They expect to make a preserve for strictly lawful sport.

Fish Hatchery Opened.

The new State fish hatchery at Pleasant Gap Station, four miles from Bellefonte, was formally opened Monday afternoon. The ceremonies took place as soon as the afternoon train, with Fish Commissioner William E. Meehan and party, arrived. An immense crowd was present and the Pennsylvania State College Cadet band furnished music.

Addresses were delivered by Judge John G. Love, Commissioner Meehan and Prof. H. A. Surface, the State economic zoologist.

The first supply of trout fry was received that afternoon from the Allentown hatchery. It is expected that all the trout in the Allentown hatchery will have been moved there by January 1.

The building erected is one-story high, 100 feet long and thirty feet wide and contains 105 breeding troughs. The plot of ground contains twenty acres with a house for the superintendent.

LOCALS.

Advertise your sale in the Reporter.

President Roosevelt was forty-five years old Tuesday.

Rev. Edgar Heckman, of State College, last week paid a visit to his parents at Tyrone.

Miss Marion Cantner, of Scranton, last week, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Mary Shoop, in this place.

The judges of the superior court have made an order changing the time of the sitting of the court in Williamsport from the second Monday in February to the first Tuesday after the first Monday in March, at 10 a. m.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Dunkle, of Spring Mills, this week, will go to Elmira, New York, where they will make their future home with their daughter, Mrs. Henry Hess. Miss Clara L. Dunkle, also a daughter, lives at that place.

Religion and Education.

If it is admitted that religion is an essential part of education, does it necessarily follow that religion must be taught in connection with grammar and arithmetic? A man's religion is of little value if it have no connection with his business, and yet no one has proposed that a Christian merchant should open his store with prayer, or have the catechism taught to his clerks during the noon hour.

The most valuable part of education must be acquired at home; it is the moral and religious training given by the parents. No teacher, no matter how selected, can take the place of the parents. But in this work of the moral and religious training of the children the efforts of the parents may be greatly assisted by pastors and specifically religious teachers. It would seem as if the children might learn geography in one place and catechism in another. That is the view of Jeremiah Quin, president of the Milwaukee School Board, and a prominent Catholic. "If the public schools," he says, "because of being secular, are vicious, then must our whole theory of government, being secular, be vicious also." The analogy is complete. Business is secular, yet the principles of religion ought to govern the men who control it. Our government is completely secular. One branch of the Presbyterian communion refuses to hold office under it, or even to vote, because the Deity is not recognized in the Constitution. Yet the theory that men of all faiths may co-operate for the maintenance of civil order has worked well enough; no American of any faith dreams of changing the system. If men may unite for the support of civil government and separate for worship and propagation of their respective faiths, may not children unite a few hours each day for the study of reading and writing and arithmetic and separate for the study of theology.

POST OFFICE ROBBERS SENTENCED.

Two Get Six and Two Get Seven Years in the Penitentiary.

The quartet of post office robbers whose trial took place at Scranton last week for robberies committed at Rutherford, Woodward, Centre Hall and Linden Hall were found guilty of all the charges preferred, and sentenced to the penitentiary for a period of six and seven years.

James Ryan and James Lewis were sentenced for six years, and William Palmer and Samuel Shireman got a term of an additional year, as it was shown conclusively that they held up the Rutherford man and beat him.

In court James Lewis, the leader who was shot, gave his name as James Showalter, the name he first gave Sheriff H. S. Taylor.

It was stoutly denied by the three men that they had ever seen Lewis prior to the time he took the memorable slide down the plank from the hay loft. This, of course, was false.

Thus the incidents connected with the robbers in Penns Valley last June are terminated, and the identity of the leader of the gang reasonably discovered as a native of Potter township.

DEATHS.

MRS. E ELLSWORTH ADAMS.

Hannah Minerva, wife of E. Ellsworth Adams, of Lock Haven, died Thursday evening of last week, at the age of forty-four years.

The deceased was a prominent figure in religious work of the United Evangelical church. She was a daughter of the late S. E. and Catharine Mingle and moved to Lock Haven from Rebersburg when a child.

She is survived by her husband; one sister, Mrs. P. O. Stiver, of Freeport, Illinois, and a half-sister, Mrs. Austin Kern, of Logan Mills.

Mrs. Sarah Leitzell, relict of Joseph Leitzell, died at the home of Adam Winters, at Fiedler, of cancer of the stomach, aged sixty-six years and seven months.

John Cain, ninety years old, of Axe Mann, died Saturday.

Potatoes Wanted.

Messrs. Foreman & Smith, at Centre Hall, will pay the highest cash prices for potatoes. They will be accepted at any time.

More Diphtheria in Nippenose Valley.

Diphtheria has again broken out in Nippenose Valley and now there are more cases than there were when it was epidemic in that section during the early summer.

Horse and Mule Colt Sale.

H. D. Snyder, of York, has advertised a horse and mule colt sale to be held at Centre Hall hotel, Friday, 30th inst., one o'clock. The stock may be seen at the hotel stable any time.

The National for 60 Cents.

Any subscriber paying his Reporter in advance, and sixty cents additional will be given the Reporter and the National Magazine for one year. The National is one of the best monthly magazines published.

Many Fruit Trees Planted.

The fall deliveries of fruit trees are being made. The purchasing of fruit trees, berries, vines, etc., by land owners during the past season has been very heavy. The ground is in fine condition to receive the stock.

Tri-ennial Assessment.

The tri-ennial assessment is being made. This being the assessment upon which, for three years, taxes will be rated, it is one which should not be made without first discussing the matter with the property owner who is so vitally effected. The appeal is practically a farce, as one is more likely to be ridiculed for accepting the appeal notice as having been sent out in good faith than to have his assessment lowered.

A fair presentation of the facts by property owners should be invited and listened to by every assessor.

Old Folks' Day.

Sunday, Nov. 1st, the Methodist Episcopal congregation at Spring Mills will observe "Old Folks' Day." Rev. B. B. Hamlin, a former Presiding Elder of the Altoona District, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. In the afternoon at 2:30 there will be a service consisting of short talks, recitations and music.

The public is cordially invited to these services, and the pastors who may be able to be with this congregation at that time will be cordially welcomed by the pastor, Rev. G. W. McIlnay.

FOR SALE OR WANTED

Under this head five or less nonpareil lines will be inserted for two weeks, for the sum of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; four weeks, fifty cents, and so on. No advs. accepted for less than twenty-five cents. Stock, implements, farm products, etc. for sale, or want advertisements of any description will be accepted. In no case can real estate or public sales be advertised in this department

WANTED—A good, sound, young horse; suitable for general work.
S. W. SMITH, Centre Hall.

CIDER MAKING.—The cider mill at Centre Hall station will be operated Thursday, Tuesday, November 3, will be the last run.
A. P. LUSE & SON.

Centre Reporter $1.00 a year.

THE STAR STORE.

ESTABLISHED 1889.

GEO. O. BENNER - - - PROPRIETOR.

Corn-Cob Crushers.

In this issue we merely want to call your attention to a few of our many hard-hitters now in stock. There are many of which we cannot speak now. Come and see for yourself.

Buggy whip, rawhide all through, 25c.
Table oil cloth, perfect goods, per yd., 16c
Floor oil cloth, perfect goods, per yd., 28c.
Men's corduroy pants, per pair $1.25.
Envelopes, great drive, 50 for 5c.
2 papers of pins, 560 pins, 5c.
4 pair men's dress hose, 25c.
Box paper, 24 envelopes, 24 sheets paper, 19c.
Men's dress suspenders, 25c value, 17c.
¼ ream fine note paper, 15c.
6 lbs. choice prunes, 25c.
Fancy New Orleans molasses, per qt., 12c.
Fancy Oolong tea, per lb., 25c.
Choice mixed candy, per lb, 10c,
Peanuts, per quart, 5c.

Our terms—Cash to everybody. THE STAR.

The Centre Hall Bargain Store.

Boots, Shoes and Rubber Goods

We have in stock the best selections of Winter Footwear for Children, Men and Ladies. The approach of Winter makes this goods especially seasonable. The best goods are in stock, which includes Rubber Goods of all kinds. The prices are as low as honest goods can be sold for.

Fall and Winter Goods

We have on hand a full Line of Winter Goods. Men's and Boys' Sweaters, Duck Coats, Caps, Hunting Coats, Horse Blankets, etc.

Guns and Ammunition

Double and Single Barreled Shot Guns at a great bargain. Also, all kinds of Ammunition.

Carpets at Lowest Prices

We have just named a few articles. Come to see us. You will be sorry that you missed coming when you see the bargains purchased by your neighbor.

Centre Hall, Pa. J. F. SMITH.

New Cash Store.

Cut Prices to make Room for New Goods

Below will be found "Cut Prices" on goods that must go to make room for new lines. "Cost" is no item with us when the room is needed.

Line of beautiful Jardinieres at 10c, 20c, 30c and 40c. Former prices were 15c, 25c, 40c and 50c.
Line of unpainted Flower Pots at 3c, 5c, 7c and 9c. Just what every housewife wants.
Line of Covered Jelly Tumblers, often sold for 55c, at 23c per doz.
Line of Open Chambers at 20c. Covered Chambers at 30c. Chamberettes at 45c, and Combinettes at 75c.
Line of Overalls and Blouses, worth 75c, at 50c.
Line of Overalls and Blouses, elsewhere 50c, at 45c.
Line of Unlined Gloves, elsewhere 50c, at 40c.
Line of Beautiful 25c Dress Ties at 20c.
Line of Beautiful 50c Dress Ties at 40c.
Line of Men's, Boys', Ladies' and Misses' Dress, School and Work Shoes at extremely low prices.
Don't wait if you wish any of these bargains. They must and will go.
We have just received a fine line of Dishes and Parlor Lamps. They are beauties and the prices are right.

Terms—Strictly Cash or Produce.

OLD DUNCAN STAND.
SPRING MILLS, PA. B. W. RIPKA.

Furniture.....
Undertaking..

John Smith & Brother

SPRING MILLS, PA.

THE PRETTIEST

There are many kinds of Furniture—pretty, prettier, prettiest. Our Furniture belongs to the latter class, whether it is applied to Design or Finish.

THE MOST UP-TO-DATE

Not only is it necessary that furniture be pretty, but it must be Up-To-Date in Style. Our stock is composed of the latest Designs of the most progressive Furniture Manufacturers.

THE CHEAPEST

Cheap and Nasty are often coupled together, but we refer to the Prettiest, the Most-Up-To-Date, the Most Durable and the Largest Stock of Furniture in the county at the Cheapest Prices. Our use of the word Cheap is applied to Prices and not to Furniture.

THE MOST DURABLE

Durability is a chief requisite in all goods, and especially in Furniture. Our Furniture is not only durable, but it is the Most Durable Furniture that can be found on the market.

THE LARGEST STOCK

To have a variety of designs to select from counts for much when you buy something that will constantly be before your eyes. In Furniture "any old thing" won't do. We have Variety and Quantity as well as Quality.

When we speak of Furniture we mean everything in the House Furnishing Line, no exceptions. . . . Our Undertaking Equipments are Stylish and our Embalming Methods Altogether Modern.

We are always busy, but—
Never too busy for business.
Come to see our stock.
Come and compare our prices.

If you don't have time to come to see us, write or telephone your wants to us